# State of North Carolina <br> DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 

## ROy COOPER

J.R. "JOEY" HOPKINS

Governor

December 4, 2023

## Addendum No. 1

## RE: DD00444 <br> Johnston County

To Whom It May Concern:
Reference is made to the above-mentioned project. The following changes/additions have been made:

1. There was an item incorrectly listed on the Proposal Item Sheet. Paved Trenching should be listed as Unpaved Trenching.
2. There was an item that was inadvertently left off the Proposal Item Sheet and was not included in the Signals and ITS Project Special Provisions.

Please replace the Proposal Item Sheets and also the Signals and ITS Project Special Provisions that were included in the original proposal with the attached pages.

## This sheet and attachments shall be made a part of the plans and bid documents and shall be submitted with the bid. Bids submitted without the addenda and attachments will be considered non-responsive.

If there are any questions, please contact me at (252) 640-6433.
Sincerely,


Vickie P. Gardner ${ }^{12 / 04 / 2023}$
Division Four Contract Engineer
VPG/
Attachments

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| County: | JOHNSTON |  |  |  |  |  |
| Line \# | Item Number | Sec <br> \# | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
| ROADWAY ITEMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0001 | 0000100000-N | 800 | MOBILIZATION | Lump Sum | L.S. |  |
| 0002 | 0000400000-N | 801 | CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING | Lump Sum | L.S. |  |
| 0003 | 0043000000-N | 226 | GRADING | Lump Sum | L.S. |  |
| 0004 | 0050000000-E | 226 | SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING \& GRUBBING | $\stackrel{1}{\text { ACR }}$ |  |  |
| 0005 | 0057000000-E | 226 | UNDERCUT EXCAVATION | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \mathrm{CY} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0006 | 0196000000-E | 270 | GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & \text { SY } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0007 | 0318000000-E | 300 | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ \text { TON } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0008 | 0320000000-E | 300 | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & S Y \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0009 | 0343000000-E | 310 | 15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & \text { LF } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0010 | 0448400000-E | 310 | 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & \text { LF } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0011 | 0995000000-E | 340 | PIPE REMOVAL | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & \text { LF } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0012 | 1099500000-E | 505 | SHALLOW UNDERCUT | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \mathrm{CY} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0013 | 1099700000-E | 505 | CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & \text { TON } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0014 | 1220000000-E | 545 | INCIDENTAL STONE BASE | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \text { TON } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0015 | 1330000000-E | 607 | INCIDENTAL MILLING | $\begin{aligned} & 550 \\ & S Y \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0016 | 1491000000-E | 610 | ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C | $\begin{gathered} 85 \\ \text { TON } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0017 | 1503000000-E | 610 | ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C | $\begin{aligned} & 105 \\ & \text { TON } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |


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| County: | JOHNSTON |  |  |  |  |  |
| Line \# | Item Number | Sec \# | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
| 0018 | 1519000000-E | 610 | ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B | $\begin{aligned} & 445 \\ & \text { TON } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0019 | 1575000000-E | 620 | ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ \text { TON } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0020 | 1693000000-E | 654 | ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR | $\begin{gathered} 45 \\ \text { TON } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0021 | 2253000000-E | 840 | PIPE COLLARS | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \mathrm{CY} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0022 | 2264000000-E | 840 | PIPE PLUGS | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \mathrm{CY} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0023 | 3656000000-E | 876 | GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE | $\begin{aligned} & 340 \\ & \text { SY } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0024 | 4025000000-E | 901 | CONTRACTOR FURNISHED, TYPE *** SIGN <br> (E) | $\begin{gathered} 18.75 \\ \mathrm{SF} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0025 | 4072000000-E | 903 | SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \\ & \mathrm{LF} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0026 | 4102000000-N | 904 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { EA } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0027 | 4155000000-N | 907 | DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, UCHANNEL | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ E A \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0028 | 4457000000-N | SP | TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL | Lump Sum | L.S. |  |
| 0029 | 4688000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (6", 90 MILS) | $\begin{gathered} 3,430 \\ \text { LF } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0030 | 4709000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS) | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & \text { LF } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0031 | 6000000000-E | 1605 | TEMPORARY SILT FENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2,030 \\ \mathrm{LF} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0032 | 6006000000-E | 1610 | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A | $\begin{aligned} & 130 \\ & \text { TON } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0033 | 6009000000-E | 1610 | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B | $\begin{gathered} 55 \\ \text { TON } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0034 | 6012000000-E | 1610 | SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { TON } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |


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| County: | JOHNSTON |  |  |  |  |  |
| Line \# | Item Number | Sec <br> \# | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
| 0035 | 6015000000-E | 1615 | TEMPORARY MULCHING | $\stackrel{3}{A C R}$ |  |  |
| 0036 | 6018000000-E | 1620 | SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ \text { LB } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0037 | 6021000000-E | 1620 | FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{1}{2} \\ \text { TON } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0038 | 6024000000-E | 1622 | TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ \text { LF } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0039 | 6029000000-E | SP | SAFETY FENCE | $\begin{aligned} & 180 \\ & \text { LF } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0040 | 6030000000-E | 1630 | SILT EXCAVATION | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & \mathrm{CY} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0041 | 6036000000-E | 1631 | MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL | $\begin{aligned} & 1,900 \\ & \hline \mathrm{SV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0042 | 6042000000-E | 1632 | 1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH | $\begin{aligned} & 140 \\ & \text { LF } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0043 | 6071020000-E | SP | POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM) | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { LB } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0044 | 6084000000-E | 1660 | SEEDING \& MULCHING | $\stackrel{3}{A C R}$ |  |  |
| 0045 | 6087000000-E | 1660 | MOWING | $\begin{gathered} 1.5 \\ \text { ACR } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0046 | 6090000000-E | 1661 | SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & \text { LB } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0047 | 6093000000-E | 1661 | FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & \text { TON } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0048 | 6096000000-E | 1662 | SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & \text { LB } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0049 | 6108000000-E | 1665 | FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING | $\begin{aligned} & 1.75 \\ & \text { TON } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 0050 | 6114500000-N | 1667 | SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ \text { MHR } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0051 | 6117000000-N | SP | RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { EA } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |


| Dec 04, 2023 11:45 AM |  | ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. DD00444 |  |  |  | Page 4 of 4 <br> Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| County: | JOHNSTON |  |  |  |  |  |
| Line \# | Item Number | Sec \# | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost |  |
| 0052 | 6117500000-N | SP | CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ E A \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0053 | 7060000000-E | 1705 | SIGNAL CABLE | $\begin{gathered} 391 \\ \text { LF } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0054 | 7120000000-E | 1705 | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION) | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ \text { EA } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0055 | 7264000000-E | 1710 | MESSENGER CABLE (3/8") | $\begin{gathered} 257 \\ \text { LF } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0056 | 7300000000-E | 1715 | UNPAVED TRENCHING (**********) (1, 2") | $\begin{gathered} 990 \\ \text { LF } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0057 | 7324000000-N | 1716 | JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE) | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ \text { EA } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0058 | 7360000000-N | 1720 | WOOD POLE | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { EA } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0059 | 7372000000-N | 1721 | GUY ASSEMBLY | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ \text { EA } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0060 | 7444000000-E | 1725 | INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT | $\begin{gathered} 349 \\ \text { LF } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0061 | 7456000000-E | 1726 | LEAD-IN CABLE (************) (14-2) | $\begin{gathered} 1,311 \\ \mathrm{LF} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0062 | 7684000000-N | 1750 | SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ E A \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0063 | 7852000000-N | 1751 | DETECTOR CARD (NEMA TS-2) | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { EA } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0064 | 7901000000-N | 1753 | CABINET BASE EXTENDER | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \text { EA } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 0065 | 7696000000-N | 1751 | CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (************************) (TYPE 2070LX, BASE MOUNTED) | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \text { EA } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |



# Signals and Intelligent Transportation Systems Project Special Provisions (Version 18.9) 

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## 1. 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads \& Structures

## The 2018 Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

### 1.1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - Materials (1098-1(H))

Page 10-212, line 12, revise title of section 1098-1(H) from "Electrical Service" to "Electrical Service for Traffic Signals".
Page 10-212, revise paragraph beginning on line 13 to read "Furnish external electrical service disconnects with a single pole 50 ampere inverse time circuit breaker with at least 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating in a lockable NEMA 3R enclosure. For electrical service to an Advanced Transportation Controller (ATC) cabinet, provide a single pole 30 ampere inverse time circuit breaker with at least 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating. Ensure service disconnects are listed as meeting UL Standard UL-489 and marked as being suitable for use as service equipment. Fabricate enclosure from galvanized steel and electrostatically apply dry powder paint finish, light gray in color, to yield a minimum thickness of 2.4 mils. Provide ground bus and neutral bus with at least 5 terminals with minimum wire capacity range of number 14 through number 4. Ensure each service has only one disconnecting means in the enclosure. Place barriers in service equipment such that no uninsulated, ungrounded service busbar, or service terminal is exposed."

### 1.2. BACKPLATES (1098-2)

Page 10-213, revise paragraph starting on line 27 to read:
"Provide polycarbonate or vacuum formed ABS plastic or composite material backplates that are black on both the front and back sides with a consistent color throughout the entire piece for each backplate. Provide backplates that contain UV inhibitors and stabilizers for protection against UV degradation. Provide backplates that have a minimum tensile stress at yield of $5,300 \mathrm{psi}$ at $73^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and meet UL Standard 94. Ensure polycarbonate backplates have a minimum thickness of 0.100 inch with one side dull black and the other side semi-gloss black. Ensure vacuum formed ABS plastic backplates have a minimum thickness of 0.125 inch with a hair cell finish on the front side and a smooth finish on the back side. Ensure composite material backplates have a polyethylene core with a minimum thickness of 0.074 inch surrounded by 2 aluminum sheets with each aluminum sheet at a minimum of 0.010 inch . Ensure the 2 aluminum sheets and the polyethylene core are bonded together with fluoropolymer or polyester coating on both outer sides for the composite material backplates."
Page 10-213, add the following after line 34 :
"Provide backplates with a florescent yellow retroreflective sheeting strip 2 inches wide, placed along the perimeter of the face of the signal backplate to reflect the profile of the signal head in lowlight and darkness. Ensure connecting corner sections of the retroreflective sheeting strips are butt spliced with a minimum gap of 30 mil to a maximum gap of 45 mil . The sheeting strip shall meet the performance requirements of AASHTO M268 Type D and ASTM D4956 Type X1 sheeting material." Ensure the retroreflective sheeting strip is applied in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines.

### 1.3. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - Construction Methods (1700-3(K))

Page 17-4, revise paragraph starting on line 10 to read:
"Where electrical services do not include an external electrical service disconnect, modify service to include electrical service disconnect and a new grounding electrode system.

Provide a grounding electrode system at all new electrical services. All grounding and bonding equipment shall conform to UL Standard 467. Permanently bond grounding conductor to ground rod using an irreversible ground connector. Unless the irreversible ground connectors are designed for use with more than one conductor, only one conductor shall be used with each irreversible ground connector. Ensure all irreversible ground connectors are installed per manufacturer's installation instructions. Irreversible compression ground connectors requiring the use of a die for installation shall be made using a hydraulic, power, or ratcheting type crimper with appropriate dies. The use of handheld pliers for crimping irreversible compression ground connectors is prohibited.

Modify existing electrical services, as necessary, to meet the grounding requirements of the NEC, these Standard Specifications and the project plans. Remove any ground rods in the cabinet foundation and install a new grounding electrode system. Cut off abandoned ground rods in the cabinet foundation flush with the foundation surface.

In addition to NEC requirements, test grounding electrode resistance for a maximum of 20 ohms. Furnish and install additional ground rods to grounding electrode system as necessary to meet the Standard Specifications, Standard Drawings, and test requirements. Grounding electrode resistance test shall be verified or witnessed by the Engineer or the Engineer's designated representative.

Follow test equipment's procedures for measuring grounding electrode resistance. When using clamp-type ground resistance meters, readings of less than one ohm typically indicate a ground loop. Rework bonding and grounding circuits as necessary to remove ground loop circuits and retest. If a ground loop cannot be identified and removed to allow the proper use of a clamp-type ground resistance meter, use the three-point test method.

Submit a completed Inductive Loop \& Grounding Test Form available on the Department's website.

For ease of inspection, the top of ground rods shall be 12 inches ( $\pm 1$ inch) below finished grade and shall remain exposed until electrical inspection is complete. Provide a length of marker tape 6 inches below finished grade directly over grounding electrodes and conductors.

For ground rods installed in areas where the slope is greater than $4: 1$, the top of the ground rods shall be a minimum of 24 " below finished grade. Provide a length of marker tape 6 inches to 12 inches below finished grade directly over grounding electrodes and conductors."

### 1.4. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - Construction Methods (1700-3(L))

Page 17-4, revise paragraph starting on line 35 to read "Using an approved termination means, connect a \#14 AWG minimum, 19-strand copper conductor (Type THWN) with insulation that is green or green with one or more yellow stripes to serve as an equipment grounding conductor to metal poles, vehicular and pedestrian signal pedestals, and other metallic components which are not otherwise bonded through means approved by the Engineer. For traffic signal installations, equipment grounding conductors shall have insulation that is green with one or more yellow stripes."

### 1.5. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - Construction Methods (1700-3(M))

Page 17-4, Replace the sentence beginning on line 41 with "Prior to placing signal in the steady (stop-and-go) mode, the signal should be placed in the flashing mode for up to 7 days or as directed by the Engineer. The signal should not be placed in the steady (stop-and-go) mode on a Saturday or Sunday without prior approval from the Engineer. Do not place the signal in steady (stop-and-go) mode until inspected and without the prior approval of the Engineer."

### 1.6. WOOD POLES - Construction Methods (1720-3)

Page 17-18, revise sentence starting on line 13 to read "On new Department-owned poles, install a grounding system consisting of \#6 AWG solid bare copper wire that is connected with an
irreversible ground connector to a single ground rod installed at base of pole or to the electrical service grounding electrode system located within 10 feet of the pole."

### 1.7.LED BLANKOUT SIGN - Description (1747-1)

Page 17-36, revise paragraph starting on line 14 to read:
"Furnish and install Light Emitting Diode (LED) blankout signs with all necessary hardware as set forth in the plans and specifications. Fabricate the sign such that the legend elements, text size, font type, and overall size of the sign comply with the applicable provisions for the static version of the sign found in the latest version of the MUTCD."

## 2. SIGNAL HEADS

### 2.1. MATERIALS

## A. General:

Fabricate vehicle signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Fabricate 12-inch and 16 -inch pedestrian signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Fabricate 9 -inch pedestrian signal head housings, end caps, and visors from virgin polycarbonate material. Provide visor mounting screws, door latches, and hinge pins fabricated from stainless steel. Provide interior screws, fasteners, and metal parts fabricated from stainless steel.

Fabricate tunnel and traditional visors from sheet aluminum.
Paint all surfaces inside and outside of signal housings and doors. Paint outside surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors, wire outlet bodies, wire entrance fitting brackets and end caps when supplied as components of messenger cable mounting assemblies, pole and pedestal mounting assemblies, and pedestrian pushbutton housings. Have electrostatically-applied, fused-polyester paint in highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip Number 13538) a minimum of 2.5 to 3.5 mils thick. Do not apply paint to the latching hardware, rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets for mast-arm attachments, messenger cable hanger components or balance adjuster components.

Have the interior surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors painted an alkyd urea black synthetic baking enamel with a minimum gloss reflectance and meeting the requirements of MIL-E-10169, "Enamel Heat Resisting, Instrument Black."

Where required, provide polycarbonate signal heads and visors that comply with the provisions pertaining to the aluminum signal heads listed on the QPL with the following exceptions:

Fabricate signal head housings, end caps, and visors from virgin polycarbonate material. Provide UV stabilized polycarbonate plastic with a minimum thickness of $0.1 \pm 0.01$ inches that is highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip 13538). Ensure the color is incorporated into the plastic material before molding the signal head housings and end caps. Ensure the plastic formulation provides the following physical properties in the assembly (tests may be performed on separately molded specimens):

| Test | Required | Method |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Specific Gravity | 1.17 minimum | ASTM D 792 |
| Flammability | Self-extinguishing | ASTM D 635 |
| Tensile Strength, yield, PSI | 8500 minimum | ASTM D 638 |
| Izod impact strength, ft-lb/in [notched, 1/8 inch] | 12 minimum | ASTM D 256 |

For pole mounting, provide side of pole mounting assemblies with framework and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the signal heads to the poles and pedestals. Fabricate the mounting assemblies and frames from aluminum with all necessary hardware, screws, washers, etc. to be stainless steel. Provide mounting fittings that match the positive locking device on the signal head with the serrations integrally cast into the brackets. Provide upper and lower pole plates that have a $1 \frac{1}{4}$-inch vertical conduit entrance hubs with the hubs capped on the lower plate and $1 \frac{1}{2}$-inch horizontal hubs. Ensure that the assemblies provide rigid attachments to poles and pedestals so as to allow no twisting or swaying of the signal heads. Ensure that all raceways are free of sharp edges and protrusions, and can accommodate a minimum of ten Number 14 AWG conductors.

For pedestal mounting, provide a post-top slipfitter mounting assembly that matches the positive locking device on the signal head with serrations integrally cast into the slipfitter. Provide stainless steel hardware, screws, washers, etc. Provide a minimum of six $3 / 8 \mathrm{X} 3 / 4$-inch long square head bolts for attachment to pedestal. Provide a center post for multi-way slipfitters.

For light emitting diode (LED) traffic signal modules, provide the following requirements for inclusion on the Department's Qualified Products List for traffic signal equipment.

1. Sample submittal,
2. Third-party independent laboratory testing results for each submitted module with evidence of testing and conformance with all of the Design Qualification Testing specified in section 6.4 of each of the following Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) specifications:

- Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement
- Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement
- Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications -Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules.
(Note: The Department currently recognizes two approved independent testing laboratories. They are Intertek ETL Semko and Light Metrics, Incorporated with Garwood Laboratories. Independent laboratory tests from other laboratories may be considered as part of the QPL submittal at the discretion of the Department,

3. Evidence of conformance with the requirements of these specifications,
4. A manufacturer's warranty statement in accordance with the required warranty, and
5. Submittal of manufacturer's design and production documentation for the model, including but not limited to, electrical schematics, electronic component values, proprietary part numbers, bill of materials, and production electrical and photometric test parameters.
6. Evidence of approval of the product to bear the Intertek ETL Verified product label for LED traffic signal modules.

Ensure LED traffic signal modules meet the performance requirements for the minimum period of 15 years, provide a written warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for the modules for a period of 15 years after installation of the modules. During the warranty period, the manufacturer must provide new replacement modules within 45 days of receipt of modules that have failed at no cost to the State. Repaired or refurbished modules may not be used to fulfill the manufacturer's warranty obligations. Provide manufacturer's warranty documentation to the Department during evaluation of product for inclusion on Qualified Products List (QPL).

## B. Vehicle Signal Heads:

Comply with the ITE standard "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads". Provide housings with provisions for attaching backplates.

Provide visors that are 8 inches in length for 8 -inch vehicle signal head sections. Provide visors that are 10 inches in length for 12 -inch vehicle signal heads.

Provide a termination block with one empty terminal for field wiring for each indication plus one empty terminal for the neutral conductor. Have all signal sections wired to the termination block. Provide barriers between the terminals that have terminal screws with a minimum Number 8 thread size and that will accommodate and secure spade lugs sized for a Number 10 terminal screw.

Mount termination blocks in the yellow signal head sections on all in-line vehicle signal heads. Mount the termination block in the red section on five-section vehicle signal heads.

Furnish vehicle signal head interconnecting brackets. Provide one-piece aluminum brackets less than 4.5 inches in height and with no threaded pipe connections. Provide hand holes on the bottom of the brackets to aid in installing wires to the signal heads. Lower brackets that carry no wires and are used only for connecting the bottom signal sections together may be flat in construction.

For messenger cable mounting, provide messenger cable hangers, wire outlet bodies, balance adjusters, bottom caps, wire entrance fitting brackets, and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the messenger cable. Fabricate messenger cable hanger components, wire outlet bodies and balance adjuster components from stainless steel or malleable iron galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153 (Class A) or ASTM A123. Provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide messenger cable hangers with U-bolt clamps. Fabricate washers, screws, hex-head bolts and associated nuts, clevis pins, cotter pins, Ubolt clamps and nuts from stainless steel.

For mast-arm mounting, provide rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the mast arms and to provide a means for vertically adjusting the vehicle signal heads to proper alignment. Fabricate the mounting assemblies from aluminum, and provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide stainless steel cable attachment assemblies to secure the brackets to the mast arms. Ensure all fastening hardware and fasteners are fabricated from stainless steel.

Provide LED vehicular traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp for use in traffic signal sections. Use LEDs that are aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for red and yellow indications and indium gallium nitride (InGaN) for green indications. Install the ultra bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+165^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 15 years and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

For the modules, provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a \#10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard signal head. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month \& year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Tint the red, yellow and green lenses to correspond with the wavelength (chromaticity) of the LED. Transparent tinting films are unacceptable. Provide a lens that is integral to the unit with a smooth outer surface.

## 1. LED Circular Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12 -inch circular sections, and 8 -inch circular sections. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the Standard Specifications, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement" dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

| Module Type | Max. Wattage at $165^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | Nominal Wattage at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12-inch red circular | 17 | 11 |
| 8-inch red circular | 13 | 8 |
| 12-inch green circular | 15 | 15 |
| 8-inch green circular | 12 | 12 |

For yellow circular signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to insure power required at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ is 22 Watts or less for the 12 -inch circular module and 13 Watts or less for the 8 -inch circular module.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1 \%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

## 2. LED Arrow Signal Modules

Provide 12-inch omnidirectional arrow signal modules. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the Standard Specifications, that each module meets or exceeds the requirements for 12-inch omnidirectional modules specified in the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement" dated July 1, 2007 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Arrow Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement:

| Module Type | Max. Wattage at $165^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | Nominal Wattage at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12-inch red arrow | 12 | 9 |
| 12-inch green arrow | 11 | 11 |

For yellow arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement to insure power required at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ is 12 W atts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1 \%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of an arrow traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

## 3. LED U-Turn Arrow Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12-inch left u-turn arrow signal modules and 12-inch right u-turn arrow signal modules.

Modules are not required to be listed on the ITS and Signals Qualified Products List. Provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the Standard Specifications, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement" dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that have minimum maintained luminous intensity values that are not less than $16 \%$ of the values calculated using the method described in section 4.1 of the VTCSH Circular Supplement.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

| Module Type | Max. Wattage at $165^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | Nominal Wattage at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12-inch red u-turn arrow | 17 | 11 |
| 12-inch green u-turn arrow | 15 | 15 |

For yellow u-turn arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to ensure power required at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ is 22 Watts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1 \%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

## 4. LED Bi-Modal Green-Yellow Arrow Signal Modules

Provide 12-inch omnidirectional bi-modal arrow signal modules. Ensure both green and yellow arrow indications are in each module with a clear lens that is integral to the unit. Ensure both indications display an incandescent style look.

Modules are not required to be listed on the ITS and Signals Qualified Products List. Ensure that both indications along with the module meet or exceed the requirements in sections $1,2,3,4$ and 5 of the VTCSH Arrow Supplement and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement:

| Arrow Type | Nominal Wattage <br> at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12-inch yellow arrow | 12 |
| 12-inch green arrow | 11 |

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1 \%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

## C. Pedestrian Signal Heads:

Provide pedestrian signal heads with international symbols that meet the MUTCD. Do not provide letter indications.

Comply with the ITE standard for "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications" and the following sections of the ITE standard for "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads" in effect on the date of advertisement:

- Section 3.00 - "Physical and Mechanical Requirements"
- Section 4.01 - "Housing, Door, and Visor: General"
- Section 4.04 - "Housing, Door, and Visor: Materials and Fabrication"
- Section 7.00 - "Exterior Finish"

Provide a double-row termination block with three empty terminals and number 10 screws for field wiring. Provide barriers between the terminals that accommodate a spade lug sized for number 10 terminal screws. Mount the termination block in the hand section. Wire all signal sections to the terminal block.

Where required by the plans, provide 16 -inch pedestrian signal heads with traditional threesided, rectangular visors, 6 inches long. Where required by the plans, provide 12 -inch pedestrian signal heads with traditional three-sided, rectangular visors, 8 inches long.

Provide 2-inch diameter pedestrian push-buttons with weather-tight housings fabricated from die-cast aluminum and threading in compliance with the NEC for rigid metal conduit. Provide a weep hole in the housing bottom and ensure that the unit is vandal resistant.

Provide push-button housings that are suitable for mounting on flat or curved surfaces and that will accept $1 / 2$-inch conduit installed in the top. Provide units that have a heavy duty push-button assembly with a sturdy, momentary, normally-open switch. Have contacts that are electrically insulated from the housing and push-button. Ensure that the push-buttons are rated for a minimum of 5 mA at 24 volts DC and 250 mA at 12 volts AC.

Provide standard R10-3 signs with mounting hardware that comply with the MUTCD in effect on the date of advertisement. Provide R10-3E signs for countdown pedestrian heads and R10-3B for non-countdown pedestrian heads.

Design the LED pedestrian traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) for installation into standard pedestrian traffic signal sections that do not contain the incandescent signal section reflector, lens, eggcrate visor, gasket, or socket. Provide modules that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp. Use LEDs that are of the latest aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for the Portland Orange hand and countdown displays. Use LEDs that are of the latest indium gallium nitride ( InGaN ) technology for the Lunar White walking man displays. Install the ultra-bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000
hours of continuous operation from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+165^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 60 months and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

Design all modules to operate using a standard 3 - wire field installation. Provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a \#10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard pedestrian signal housing. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month \& year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Provide modules in the following configuration: 16-inch displays which have the solid hand/walking man overlay on the left and the countdown on the right, and 12-inch displays which have the solid hand/walking man module as an overlay. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the Standard Specifications, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indicators - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules" dated August 04, 2010 (hereafter referred to as PTCSI Pedestrian Standard) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the PTCSI Pedestrian Standard:

| Module Type | Max. Wattage at $165^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | Nominal Wattage at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hand Indication | 16 | 13 |
| Walking Man Indication | 12 | 9 |
| Countdown Indication | 16 | 13 |

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1 \%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

Provide module lens that is hard coated or otherwise made to comply with the material exposure and weathering effects requirements of the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) J576. Ensure all exposed components of the module are suitable for prolonged exposure to the environment, without appreciable degradation that would interfere with function or appearance.

Ensure the countdown display continuously monitors the traffic controller to automatically learn the pedestrian phase time and update for subsequent changes to the pedestrian phase time.

Ensure the countdown display begins normal operation upon the completion of the preemption sequence and no more than one pedestrian clearance cycle.

## D. Bus Rapid Transit Signal Heads:

Provide modules in the following configurations, 12-inch three lens signal head assemblies per the MUTCD, Figure 8C-3. The 12-inch LED optical unit indications must comply with the MUTCD, Section 8C. 11 and as illustrated in Figure 8C-3.

Provide LED transit signal modules that conform to the requirements of the ITE's Performance Specification, Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads-Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement, dated June 27, 2005, regarding environmental requirements, transient protection, operating voltage range, and electronic noise. The indication (bar symbol) must measure 1$1 / 2$ inches wide by 9 inches long. The indication must be capable of being displayed in any angle of orientation from horizontal to vertical. Modules are not required to be listed on the ITS and Signals Qualified Products List.

12-inch three lens


## E. Signal Cable:

Furnish 16-4 and 16-7 signal cable that complies with IMSA specification 20-1 except provide the following conductor insulation colors:

- For 16-4 cable: white, yellow, red, and green
- For 16-7 cable: white, yellow, red, green, yellow with black stripe tracer, red with black stripe tracer, and green with black stripe tracer. Apply continuous stripe tracer on conductor insulation with a longitudinal or spiral pattern.
Provide a ripcord to allow the cable jacket to be opened without using a cutter. IMSA specification 19-1 will not be acceptable. Provide a cable jacket labeled with the IMSA specification number and provide conductors constructed of stranded copper.


## F. Optically-Programmed Vehicle Signal Sections:

Material, equipment, and hardware furnished under this section must be pre-approved on the Department's QPL by the date of installation.

Design the programmable signal sections to tilt in two degree increments for a maximum of ten degrees above and ten degrees below horizontal, while still maintaining a common vertical axis.

Design the programmable signal sections to mount to standard signal sections to form a signal head. Ensure that the programmable signal sections have a mounting system compatible with the standard $11 / 2$-inch traffic signal fittings.

Provide an optical system consisting of a lamp, a diffuser, an optical limiter, and an objective lens. Ensure that all programming is accomplished optically with no hoods or louvers necessary to accomplish the programming. Provide optical masking tape with each section.

Provide a 150 -Watt, 115 VAC lamp with integral reflector and rated output of 1750 lumens. Ensure that the average rated life is at least 6000 hours.

Provide a high resolution, annular, incremental lens. Ensure that the lens and door are sealed to provide a moisture and dust proof seal. Provide a red, yellow, or green ball or arrow indication as specified by the bid list, plans, or purchase order.

## G. Louvers:

Material, equipment, and hardware furnished under this section must be pre-approved on the Department's QPL by the date of installation.

Provide louvers made from sheet aluminum. Paint the louvers alkyd urea black synthetic baked enamel with a minimum gloss reflectance and meeting the requirements of MIL-E-10169, "Enamel Heat Resisting, Instrument Black."

Ensure that the louvers have a 0 -degree horizontal viewing angle. Provide a minimum of 5 vanes.

## 3. CONTROLLERS WITH CABINETS

### 3.1. MATERIALS - TYPE 2070LX CONTROLLERS

Furnish model 2070LX controller units that conform to CALTRANS Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications (TEES) (dated March 12, 2009, plus Errata 1 dated January 21, 2010 and Errata 2 dated December 5, 2014) except as required herein.

The Department will provide software at the beginning of the burning-in period. Contractor shall give 5 working days notice before needing software. Program software provided by the Department.

Provide model 2070LX controllers with Linux kernel 2.6.18 or higher and device drivers, composed of the unit chassis and at minimum the following modules and assemblies:

- MODEL 2070-1C, CPU Module, Single Board, with 8Mb Datakey (blue in color)
- MODEL 2070-2E+, Field I/O Module (FI/O)
- Note: Configure the Field I/O Module to disable both the External WDT Shunt/Toggle Switch and SP3 (SP3 active indicator is "off")
- MODEL 2070-3B, Front Panel Module (FP), Display B (8x40)
- MODEL 2070-4A, Power Supply Module, 10 AMP

Provide a Board Support Package (BSP) to the state and to any specified applications software manufacturer when requested by the state to facilitate the porting of application software.

### 3.2.MATERIALS - GENERAL CABINETS

Provide a moisture resistant coating on all circuit boards.
Provide one 20 mm diameter radial lead UL-recognized metal oxide varistor (MOV) between each load switch field terminal and equipment ground. Electrical performance is outlined below.

| PROPERTIES OF MOV SURGE PROTECTOR |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum Continuous Applied Voltage at <br> $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $150 \mathrm{VAC}(\mathrm{RMS})$ <br> 200 VDC |
| Maximum Peak 8x20 $\mu$ s Current at $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 6500 A |
| Maximum Energy Rating at $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 80 J |
| Voltage Range 1 mA DC Test at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $212-268 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Max. Clamping Voltage $8 \times 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 100 \mathrm{~A}$ at <br> $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 395 V |
| Typical Capacitance $(1 \mathrm{MHz})$ at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 1600 pF |

Provide a power line surge protector that is a two-stage device that will allow connection of the radio frequency interference filter between the stages of the device. Ensure that a maximum continuous current is at least 10 A at 120 V . Ensure that the device can withstand a minimum of 20 peak surge current occurrences at 20,000A for an $8 \times 20$ microsecond waveform. Provide a maximum clamp voltage of 395 V at $20,000 \mathrm{~A}$ with a nominal series inductance of $200 \mu \mathrm{~h}$. Ensure that the voltage does not exceed 395V. Provide devices that comply with the following:

| Frequency (Hz) | Minimum Insertion Loss <br> $(\mathbf{d B})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 60 | 0 |
| 10,000 | 30 |
| 50,000 | 55 |
| 100,000 | 50 |
| 500,000 | 50 |
| $2,000,000$ | 60 |
| $5,000,000$ | 40 |
| $10,000,000$ | 20 |
| $20,000,000$ | 25 |

### 3.3. MATERIALS - TYPE 170E CABINETS

## A. Type 170 E Cabinets General:

Conform to the city of Los Angeles' Specification No. 54-053-08, Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly Specification (dated July 2008), except as required herein.

Furnish model 336S pole mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details. Provide 336S pole mounted cabinets that are $46^{\prime \prime}$ high with $40^{\prime \prime}$ high internal rack assemblies.

Furnish model 332 base mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. When overlaps are required, provide auxiliary output files for the overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details.

Provide model 200 load switches, model 222 loop detector sensors, model 252 AC isolators, and model 242 DC isolators according to the electrical details. As a minimum, provide one (1) model 2018 conflict monitor, one (1) model 206L power supply unit, two (2) model 204 flashers, one (1) DC isolator (located in slot I14), and four (4) model 430 flash transfer relays (provide seven (7) model 430 flash transfer relays if auxiliary output file is installed) with each cabinet.

## B. Type $\mathbf{1 7 0}$ E Cabinet Electrical Requirements:

Provide a cabinet assembly designed to ensure that upon leaving any cabinet switch or conflict monitor initiated flashing operation, the controller starts up in the programmed start up phases and start up interval.

Furnish two sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams and schematics in a paper envelope or container and placed in the cabinet drawer.

All AC+ power is subject to radio frequency signal suppression.
Provide surge suppression in the cabinet for each type of cabinet device. Provide surge protection for the full capacity of the cabinet input file. Provide surge suppression devices that operate properly over a temperature range of $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Ensure the surge suppression devices provide both common and differential modes of protection.

Provide a pluggable power line surge protector that is installed on the back of the PDA (power distribution assembly) chassis to filter and absorb power line noise and switching transients. Ensure the device incorporates LEDs for failure indication and provides a dry relay contact closure for the purpose of remote sensing. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

| Peak Surge Current (Single puls | 20,000A |
| :---: | :---: |
| Occurrences ( $8 \times 20 \mu$ s waveform) | . 10 minimum @ 20,000A |
| Maximum Clamp Voltage. | . 395 VAC |
| Operating Current. | . 15 amps |
| Response Time | . $<5$ nanoseconds |

Provide a loop surge suppressor for each set of loop terminals in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

```
Peak Surge Current (6 times, \(8 \times 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}\) )
    (Differential Mode)..................................400A
    (Common Mode)...................................1,000A
Occurrences ( \(8 \times 20 \mu\) s waveform)..................... 500 min @ 200A
Maximum Clamp Voltage
    (Differential Mode@400A).......................35V
    (Common Mode @1,000A)....................... 35 V
Response Time........................................... \(<5\) nanoseconds
Maximum Capacitance.................................. 35 pF
```

Provide a data communications surge suppressor for each communications line entering or leaving the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:


Provide a DC signal surge suppressor for each DC input channel in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, $8 \mathrm{x} 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ) $\ldots \ldots . .10,000 \mathrm{~A}$
Occurrences $(8 \mathrm{x} 20 \mu$ s waveform) $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .100 @ 2,000 \mathrm{~A}$
Maximum Clamp Voltage.................................
Response Time...................................... 1 nanosecond

Provide a 120 VAC signal surge suppressor for each $\mathrm{AC}+$ interconnect signal input. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, $8 \times 20 \mu$ s)........20,000A
Maximum Clamp Voltage............................350VAC
Response Time...................................... $<200$ nanoseconds
Discharge Voltage.................................... $<200$ Volts @ 1,000A
Insulation Resistance................................... $\geq 100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

Provide conductors for surge protection wiring that are of sufficient size (ampacity) to withstand maximum overcurrents which could occur before protective device thresholds are attained and current flow is interrupted.

If additional surge protected power outlets are needed to accommodate fiber transceivers, modems, etc., install a UL listed, industrial, heavy-duty type power outlet strip with a minimum rating of $15 \mathrm{~A} / 125 \mathrm{VAC}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Provide a strip that has a minimum of 3 grounded outlets. Ensure the power outlet strip plugs into one of the controller unit receptacles located on the rear of the PDA. Ensure power outlet strip is mounted securely; provide strain relief if necessary.

Provide a door switch in the front and a door switch in the rear of the cabinet that will provide the controller unit with a Door Ajar alarm when either the front or the rear door is open. Ensure the door switches apply DC ground to the Input File when either the front door or the rear door is open.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { NOTE: PUSH } \\
& \text { BUTTON N/C }
\end{aligned}
$$



NOTE: PUSH
BUTTON N/C

Furnish a fluorescent fixture in the rear across the top of the cabinet and another fluorescent fixture in the front across the top of the cabinet at a minimum. Ensure that the fixtures provide sufficient light to illuminate all terminals, labels, switches, and devices in the cabinet. Conveniently locate the fixtures so as not to interfere with a technician's ability to perform work on any devices or terminals in the cabinet. Provide a protective diffuser to cover exposed bulbs. Install 16 watt T-4 lamps in the fluorescent fixtures. Provide a door switch to provide power to each fixture when the respective door is open. Wire the fluorescent fixtures to the 15 amp ECB (equipment circuit breaker).


Furnish a police panel with a police panel door. For model 336S cabinets, mount the police panel on the rear door. Ensure that the police panel door permits access to the police panel when the main door is closed. Ensure that no rainwater can enter the cabinet even with the police panel door open. Provide a police panel door hinged on the right side as viewed from the front. Provide a police panel
door lock that is keyed to a standard police/fire call box key. In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, provide the police panel with a toggle switch connected to switch the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go operation (AUTO) and manual operation (MANUAL). Ensure that manual control can be implemented using inputs and software such that the controller provides full programmed clearance times for the yellow clearance and red clearance for each phase while under manual control.

Provide a $1 / 4$-inch locking phone jack in the police panel for a hand control to manually control the intersection. Provide sufficient room in the police panel for storage of a hand control and cord.

Ensure the 336S cabinet Input File is wired as follows:

| 336S Cabinet <br> Port-Bit/C-1 Pin Assignment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slot \# | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C}-1 \\ \text { (Spares) } \end{gathered}$ | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| Port | 3-2 | 1-1 | 3-4 | 1-3 | 3-1 | 1-2 | 3-3 | 1-4 | 2-5 | 5-5 | 5-6 | 5-1 | 5-2 | 6-7 |
| C-1 | 56 | 39 | 58 | 41 | 55 | 40 | 57 | 42 | 51 | 71 | 72 | 67 | 68 | 81 |
| Port | 2-1 | 1-5 | 2-3 | 1-7 | 2-2 | 1-6 | 2-4 | 1-8 | 2-6 | 5-7 | 5-8 | 5-3 | 5-4 | 6-8 |
| C-1 | 47 | 43 | 49 | 45 | 48 | 44 | 50 | 46 | 52 | 73 | 74 | 69 | 70 | 82 |

For model 332 base mounted cabinets, ensure terminals J14-E and J14-K are wired together on the rear of the Input File. Connect TB9-12 (J14 Common) on the Input Panel to T1-2 (AC-) on the rear of the PDA.

Provide detector test switches mounted at the top of the cabinet rack or other convenient location which may be used to place a call on each of eight phases based on the chart below. Provide three positions for each switch: On (place call), Off (normal detector operation), and Momentary On (place momentary call and return to normal detector operation after switch is released). Ensure that the switches are located such that the technician can read the controller display and observe the intersection.

Connect detector test switches for cabinets as follows:

| 336S Cabinet |  | 332 Cabinet |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Detector Call Switches | Terminals | Detector Call Switches | Terminals |
| Phase 1 | I1-F | Phase 1 | I1-W |
| Phase 2 | I2-F | Phase 2 | I4-W |
| Phase 3 | I3-F | Phase 3 | I5-W |
| Phase 4 | I4-F | Phase 4 | I8-W |
| Phase 5 | I5-F | Phase 5 | J1-W |
| Phase 6 | I6-F | Phase 6 | J4-W |
| Phase 7 | I7-F | Phase 7 | J5-W |
| Phase 8 | I8-F | Phase 8 | J8-W |

Provide the PCB 28/56 connector for the conflict monitor unit (CMU) with 28 independent contacts per side, dual-sided with 0.156 inch contact centers. Provide the PCB 28/56 connector contacts with solder eyelet terminations. Ensure all connections to the PCB 28/56 connector are soldered to the solder eyelet terminations.

Ensure that all cabinets have the CMU connector wired according to the 332 cabinet connector pin assignments (include all wires for auxiliary output file connection). Wire pins $13,16, R$, and U of the CMU connector to a separate 4 pin plug, P1, as shown below. Provide a second plug, P2, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the auxiliary output file as shown below. Provide an additional plug, P 3 , which will mate with P 1 and is wired to the pedestrian yellow circuits as shown below. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for the green and yellow inputs for channels $11,12,17$, and 18 , the red inputs for channels 17 and 18 , and the wires for the P2 plug. Terminate the two-foot wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

|  | P1 |  | P2 |  | P3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PIN | FUNCTION | CONN TO | FUNCTION | CONN TO | FUNCTION | CONN TO |
| 1 | CH-9G | CMU-13 | OLA-GRN | A123 | 2P-YEL | 114 |
| 2 | CH-9Y | CMU-16 | OLA-YEL | A122 | 4P-YEL | 105 |
| 3 | CH-10G | CMU-R | OLB-GRN | A126 | 6P-YEL | 120 |
| 4 | CH-10Y | CMU-U | OLB-YEL | A125 | 8P-YEL | 111 |

Do not provide the P20 terminal assembly (red monitor board) or red interface ribbon cable as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Provide a P20 connector that mates with and is compatible with the red interface connector mounted on the front of the conflict monitor. Ensure that the P20 connector and the red interface connector on the conflict monitor are center polarized to ensure proper connection. Ensure that removal of the P20 connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Wire the P20 connector to the output file and auxiliary output file using 22 AWG stranded wires. Ensure the length of these wires is a minimum of 42 inches in length. Provide a durable braided sleeve around the wires to organize and protect the wires.

Wire the P20 connector to the traffic signal red displays to provide inputs to the conflict monitor as shown below. Ensure the pedestrian Don't Walk circuits are wired to channels 13 through 16 of the P20 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for channels 9 through 12 reds. Provide a wire for special function 1. Terminate the unused wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

|  | P20 Connector |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PIN | FUNCTION | CONN TO | PIN | FUNCTION | CONN TO |
| 1 | Channel 15 Red | 119 | 2 | Channel 16 Red | 110 |
| 3 | Channel 14 Red | 104 | 4 | Chassis GND | $01-9$ |


| 5 | Channel 13 Red | 113 | 6 | N/C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Channel 12 Red | AUX 101 | 8 | Spec Function 1 |  |
| 9 | Channel 10 Red | AUX 124 | 10 | Channel 11 Red | AUX 114 |
| 11 | Channel 9 Red | AUX 121 | 12 | Channel 8 Red | 107 |
| 13 | Channel 7 Red | 122 | 14 | Channel 6 Red | 134 |
| 15 | Channel 5 Red | 131 | 16 | Channel 4 Red | 101 |
| 17 | Channel 3 Red | 116 | 18 | Channel 2 Red | 128 |
| 19 | Channel 1 Red | 125 | 20 | Red Enable | $01-14$ |

Ensure the controller unit outputs to the auxiliary output file are pre-wired to the C5 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, connect the C5 connector to a storage socket located on the Input Panel or on the rear of the PDA.

Do not wire pin 12 of the load switch sockets.
In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, ensure relay K1 on the Power Distribution Assembly (PDA) is a four pole relay and K2 on the PDA is a two pole relay.

Provide a two pole, ganged circuit breaker for the flash bus circuit. Ensure the flash bus circuit breaker is an inverse time circuit breaker rated for 10 amps at 120 VAC with a minimum of 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating. Do not provide the auxiliary switch feature on the flash bus circuit breaker. Ensure the ganged flash bus circuit breaker is certified by the circuit breaker manufacturer to provide gang tripping operation.


Ensure auxiliary output files are wired as follows:

| AUXILIARY OUTPUT FILE <br> TERMINAL BLOCK TA ASSIGNMENTS |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| POSITION | FUNCTION |
| 1 | Flasher Unit \#1, Circuit 1/FTR1 (OLA, OLB)/FTR3 <br> (OLE) <br> 2 |
|  | Flasher Unit \#1, Circuit 2/FTR2 (OLC, OLD)/FTR3 |
| 3 | (OLF) |
| 4 | Flash Transfer Relay Coils |
| 5 | AC - |
| 6 | Power Circuit 5 |
| 7 | Power Circuit 5 |
| 8 | Equipment Ground Bus |

Provide four spare load resistors mounted in each cabinet. Ensure each load resistor is rated as shown in the table below. Wire one side of each load resistor to AC-. Connect the other side of each resistor to a separate terminal on a four (4) position terminal block. Mount the load resistors and terminal block either inside the back of Output File No. 1 or on the upper area of the Service Panel.

| ACCEPTABLE LOAD RESISTOR <br> VALUES |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| VALUE (ohms) | WATTAGE |
| $1.5 \mathrm{~K}-1.9 \mathrm{~K}$ | $25 \mathrm{~W}(\mathrm{~min})$ |
| $2.0 \mathrm{~K}-3.0 \mathrm{~K}$ | $10 \mathrm{~W}(\mathrm{~min})$ |

Provide Model 200 load switches, Model 204 flashers, Model 242 DC isolators, Model 252 AC isolators, and Model 206L power supply units that conform to CALTRANS' "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

## C. Type 170 E Cabinet Physical Requirements:

Do not mold, cast, or scribe the name "City of Los Angeles" on the outside of the cabinet door as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide a Communications Terminal Panel as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide terminal block TBB on the Service Panel. Do not provide Cabinet Verification Test Program software or associated test jigs as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Furnish unpainted, natural, aluminum cabinet shells. Ensure that all non-aluminum hardware on the cabinet is stainless steel or a Department approved non-corrosive alternate.

Ensure the lifting eyes, gasket channels, police panel, and all supports welded to the enclosure and doors are fabricated from 0.125 inch minimum thickness aluminum sheet and meet the same standards as the cabinet and doors.

Provide front and rear doors with latching handles that allow padlocking in the closed position. Furnish 0.75 inch minimum diameter stainless steel handles with a minimum 0.5 inch shank. Place
the padlocking attachment at 4.0 inches from the handle shank center to clear the lock and key. Provide an additional 4.0 inches minimum gripping length.

Provide Corbin \#2 locks on the front and rear doors. Provide one (1) Corbin \#2 and one (1) police master key with each cabinet. Ensure main door locks allow removal of keys in the locked position only.

Provide a surge protection panel with 16 loop surge protection devices and designed to allow sufficient free space for wire connection/disconnection and surge protection device replacement. For model 332 cabinets, provide an additional 20 loop surge protection devices. Provide an additional two AC+ interconnect surge devices to protect one slot and eight DC surge protection devices to protect four slots. Provide no protection devices on slot I14.

For pole mounted cabinets, mount surge protection devices for the AC+ interconnect inputs, inductive loop detector inputs, and low voltage DC inputs on a swing down panel assembly fabricated from sturdy aluminum. Attach the swing down panel to the bottom rear cabinet rack assembly using thumb screws. Ensure the swing down panel allows for easy removal of the input file without removing the surge protection panel assembly or its parts. Have the surge protection devices mounted horizontally on the panel and soldered to the feed through terminals of four 14 position terminal blocks with \#8 screws mounted on the other side. Ensure the top row of terminals is connected to the upper slots and the bottom row of terminals is connected to the bottom slots. Provide a 15 position copper equipment ground bus attached to the field terminal side (outside) of the swing down panel for termination of loop lead-in shield grounds. Ensure that a Number 4 AWG green wire connects the surge protection panel assembly ground bus to the main cabinet equipment ground.


For base mounted cabinets, mount surge protection panels on the left side of the cabinet as viewed from the rear. Attach each panel to the cabinet rack assembly using bolts and make it easily removable. Mount the surge protection devices in vertical rows on each panel and connect the devices to one side of 12 position, double row terminal blocks with \#8 screws. For each surge protection panel, terminate all grounds from the surge protection devices on a copper equipment ground bus attached to the surge protection panel. Wire the terminals to the rear of a standard input file using spade lugs for input file protection.

Provide permanent labels that indicate the slot and the pins connected to each terminal that may be viewed from the rear cabinet door. Label and orient terminals so that each pair of inputs is next to each other. Indicate on the labeling the input file (I or J), the slot number (1-14) and the terminal pins of the input slots (either D \& E for upper or J \& K for lower).

Provide a minimum $14 \times 16$ inch pull out, hinged top shelf located immediately below controller mounting section of the cabinet. Ensure the shelf is designed to fully expose the table surface outside the controller at a height approximately even with the bottom of the controller. Ensure the shelf has a storage bin interior which is a minimum of 1 inch deep and approximately the same dimensions as the shelf. Provide an access to the storage area by lifting the hinged top of the shelf. Fabricate the shelf and slide from aluminum or stainless steel and ensure the assembly can support the 2070L controller plus 15 pounds of additional weight. Ensure shelf has a locking mechanism to secure it in the fully extended position and does not inhibit the removal of the 2070L controller or removal of cards inside the controller when fully extended. Provide a locking mechanism that is easily released when the shelf is to be returned to its non-use position directly under the controller.

## D. Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitor:

Furnish Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitors that provide monitoring of 18 channels. Ensure each channel consists of a green, yellow, and red field signal input. Ensure that the conflict monitor meets or exceeds CALTRANS' Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications dated March 12, 2009, with Erratum 1 (hereafter referred to as CALTRANS' 2009 TEES) for a model 210 monitor unit and other requirements stated in this specification.

Ensure the conflict monitor is provided with an 18 channel conflict programming card. Pin EE and Pin T of the conflict programming card shall be connected together. Pin 16 of the conflict programming card shall be floating. Ensure that the absence of the conflict programming card will cause the conflict monitor to trigger (enter into fault mode), and remain in the triggered state until the programming card is properly inserted and the conflict monitor is reset.

Provide a conflict monitor that incorporates LED indicators into the front panel to dynamically display the status of the monitor under normal conditions and to provide a comprehensive review of field inputs with monitor status under fault conditions. Ensure that the monitor indicates the channels that were active during a conflict condition and the channels that experienced a failure for all other per channel fault conditions detected. Ensure that these indications and the status of each channel are retained until the Conflict Monitor is reset. Furnish LED indicators for the following:

- AC Power (Green LED indicator)
- VDC Failed (Red LED indicator)
- WDT Error (Red LED indicator)
- Conflict (Red LED indicator)
- Red Fail (Red LED indicator)
- Dual Indication (Red LED indicator)
- Yellow/Clearance Failure (Red LED indicator)
- PCA/PC Ajar (Red LED indicator)
- Monitor Fail/Diagnostic Failure (Red LED indicator)
- 54 Channel Status Indicators (1 Red, 1 Yellow, and 1 Green LED indicator for each of the 18 channels)

Provide a switch to set the Red Fail fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to $1350+/-150 \mathrm{~ms}$ ( 2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to $850+/-150 \mathrm{~ms}$ ( 210 mode).

Provide a switch to set the Watchdog fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to $1.0+/-0.1 \mathrm{~s}$ (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to $1.5+/-0.1 \mathrm{~s}(210$ mode $)$.

Provide a jumper or switch to set the AC line brown-out levels. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is $98+/-2 \mathrm{Vrms}$, the AC line restore voltage threshold is $103+/-2$ Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to $400+/-50 \mathrm{~ms}$ (2018 mode). Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is $92+/-2 \mathrm{Vrms}$, the AC line restore voltage threshold is $98+/-2$ Vrms, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to $80+/-17 \mathrm{~ms}$ ( 210 mode).

Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Watchdog Latch function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog Latch function is disabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be reset following a power loss, brownout, or power interruption. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog Latch function is enabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be retained until a Reset command is issued.

Provide a jumper that will reverse the active polarity for pin \#EE (output relay common). Ensure that when the jumper is not present pin \#EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms (Caltrans mode). Ensure that when the jumper is present pin \#EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms (Failsafe mode).

In addition to the connectors required by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES, provide the conflict monitor with a red interface connector mounted on the front of the monitor. Ensure the connector is a 20 pin, right angle, center polarized, male connector with latching clip locks and polarizing keys. Ensure the right angle solder tails are designed for a 0.062 " thick printed circuit board. Keying of the connector shall be between pins 3 and 5, and between 17 and 19. Ensure the connector has two rows of pins with the odd numbered pins on one row and the even pins on the other row. Ensure the connector pin row spacing is 0.10 " and pitch is 0.10 ". Ensure the mating length of the connector pins is $0.24 "$. Ensure the pins are finished with gold plating $30 \mu$ " thick.


Ensure the red interface connector pins on the monitor have the following functions:

| Pin \# | Function | Pin \# | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Channel 15 Red | 2 | Channel 16 Red |
| 3 | Channel 14 Red | 4 | Chassis Ground |
| 5 | Channel 13 Red | 6 | Special Function 2 |
| 7 | Channel 12 Red | 8 | Special Function 1 |
| 9 | Channel 10 Red | 10 | Channel 11 Red |
| 11 | Channel 9 Red | 12 | Channel 8 Red |
| 13 | Channel 7 Red | 14 | Channel 6 Red |
| 15 | Channel 5 Red | 16 | Channel 4 Red |
| 17 | Channel 3 Red | 18 | Channel 2 Red |
| 19 | Channel 1 Red | 20 | Red Enable |

Ensure that removal of the P20 cable connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Provide Special Function 1 and Special Function 2 inputs to the unit which shall disable only Red Fail Monitoring when either input is sensed active. A Special Function input shall be sensed active when the input voltage exceeds 70 Vrms with a minimum duration of 550 ms . A Special Function input shall be sensed not active when the input voltage is less than 50 Vrms or the duration is less
than 250 ms . A Special Function input is undefined by these specifications and may or may not be sensed active when the input voltage is between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or the duration is between 250 ms and 550 ms .

Ensure the conflict monitor recognizes field signal inputs for each channel that meet the following requirements:

- consider a Red input greater than 70 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Red input less than 50 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition (no valid signal);
- consider a Red input between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications;
- consider a Green or Yellow input greater than 25 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Green or Yellow input less than 15 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition; and
- consider a Green or Yellow input between 15 Vrms and 25 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications.

Provide a conflict monitor that recognizes the faults specified by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES and the following additional faults. Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger upon detection of a fault and will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input for the following failures:

1. Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure): A condition in which no "on" voltage signal is detected on any of the green, yellow, or red inputs to a given monitor channel. If a signal is not detected on at least one input ( $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{Y}$, or G ) of a conflict monitor channel for a period greater than 1000 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1500 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure monitor will trigger and put the intersection into flash. If the absence of any indication condition lasts less than 700 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1200 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure conflict monitor will not trigger. Red fail monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. Have red monitoring occur when all of the following input conditions are in effect:
a) Red Enable input to monitor is active (Red Enable voltages are "on" at greater than 70 Vrms, off at less than 50 Vrms , undefined between 50 and 70 Vrms ), and
b) Neither Special Function 1 nor Special Function 2 inputs are active.
c) Pin \#EE (output relay common) is not active
2. Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error): Yellow indication following a green is missing or shorter than 2.7 seconds (with $\pm 0.1$-second accuracy). If a channel fails to detect an "on" signal at the Yellow input for a minimum of 2.7 seconds ( $\pm 0.1$ second) following the detection of an "on" signal at a Green input for that channel, ensure that the monitor triggers and generates a clearance/short yellow error fault indication. Short/missing
yellow (clearance) monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the channel is programmed for Yellow Inhibit, when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin \#EE (output relay common) is active.
3. Dual Indications on the Same Channel: In this condition, more than one indication $(\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{G})$ is detected as "on" at the same time on the same channel. If dual indications are detected for a period greater than 500 ms , ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and displays the proper failure indication (Dual Ind fault). If this condition is detected for less than 200 ms , ensure that the monitor does not trigger. G-Y-R dual indication monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. G-Y dual indication monitoring shall be enabled for all channels by use of a switch located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin \#EE (output relay common) is active.
4. Configuration Settings Change: The configuration settings are comprised of (as a minimum) the permissive diode matrix, dual indication switches, yellow disable jumpers, any option switches, any option jumpers, and the Watchdog Enable switch. Ensure the conflict monitor compares the current configuration settings with the previous stored configuration settings on power-up, on reset, and periodically during operation. If any of the configuration settings are changed, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and causes the program card indicator to flash. Ensure that configuration change faults are only reset by depressing and holding the front panel reset button for a minimum of three seconds. Ensure the external remote reset input does not reset configuration change faults.
Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger and the AC Power indicator will flash at a rate of $2 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm$ $20 \%$ with a $50 \%$ duty cycle when the AC Line voltage falls below the "drop-out" level. Ensure the conflict monitor will resume normal operation when the AC Line voltage returns above the "restore" level. Ensure the AC Power indicator will remain illuminated when the AC voltage returns above the "restore" level. Should an AC Line power interruption occur while the monitor is in the fault mode, then upon restoration of AC Line power, the monitor will remain in the fault mode and the correct fault and channel indicators will be displayed.

Provide a flash interval of at least 6 seconds and at most 10 seconds in duration following a power-up, an AC Line interruption, or a brownout restore. Ensure the conflict monitor will suspend all fault monitoring functions, close the Output relay contacts, and flash the AC indicator at a rate of $4 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 20 \%$ with a $50 \%$ duty cycle during this interval. Ensure the termination of the flash interval after at least 6 seconds if the Watchdog input has made 5 transitions between the True and False state and the AC Line voltage is greater than the "restore" level. If the watchdog input has not made 5 transitions between the True and False state within $10 \pm 0.5$ seconds, the monitor shall enter a WDT error fault condition.

Ensure the conflict monitor will monitor an intersection with a minimum of four approaches using the four-section Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) vehicle traffic signal as outlined by the NCHRP 3-54 research project for protected-permissive left turn signal displays. Ensure the conflict monitor will operate in the FYA mode and FYAc (Compact) mode as specified below to monitor each channel pair for the following fault conditions: Conflict, Flash Rate Detection, Red Fail, Dual Indication, and

Clearance. Provide a switch to select between the FYA mode and FYAc mode. Provide a switch to select each FYA phase movement for monitoring.

## FYA mode

| FYA Signal <br> Head | Phase 1 | Phase 3 | Phase 5 | Phase 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Red Arrow | Channel 9 Red | Channel 10 Red | Channel 11 Red | Channel 12 Red |
| Yellow <br> Arrow | Channel 9 <br> Yellow | Channel 10 <br> Yellow | Channel 11 <br> Yellow | Channel 12 <br> Yellow |
| Flashing <br> Yellow <br> Arrow | Channel 9 <br> Green | Channel 10 <br> Green | Channel 11 <br> Green | Channel 12 <br> Green |
| Green <br> Arrow | Channel 1 <br> Green | Channel 3 Green | Channel 5 Green | Channel 7 Green |

FYAc mode

| FYA Signal <br> Head | Phase 1 | Phase 3 | Phase 5 | Phase 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Red Arrow | Channel 1 Red | Channel 3 Red | Channel 5 Red | Channel 7 Red |
| Yellow <br> Arrow | Channel 1 <br> Yellow | Channel 3 <br> Yellow | Channel 5 <br> Yellow | Channel 7 <br> Yellow |
| Flashing <br> Yellow <br> Arrow | Channel 1 <br> Green | Channel 3 Green | Channel 5 Green | Channel 7 Green |
| Green <br> Arrow | Channel 9 <br> Green | Channel 9 <br> Yellow | Channel 10 <br> Green | Channel 10 <br> Yellow |

If a FYA channel pair is enabled for FYA operation, the conflict monitor will monitor the FYA logical channel pair for the additional following conditions:

1. Conflict: Channel conflicts are detected based on the permissive programming jumpers on the program card. This operation remains unchanged from normal operation except for the solid Yellow arrow (FYA clearance) signal.
2. Yellow Change Interval Conflict: During the Yellow change interval of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active. These conflicting channels shall be determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). During the Yellow change interval of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active as determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow).
3. Flash Rate Detection: The conflict monitor unit shall monitor for the absence of a valid flash rate for the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period greater than 1600 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor triggers and puts the intersection into flash. If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period less than 1400 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor does not trigger. Ensure the conflict monitor will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input. Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Flash Rate Detection function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Flash Rate Detection function is enabled. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Flash Rate Detection function is disabled.
4. Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure): The conflict monitor unit shall detect a red failure if there is an absence of voltage on all four of the inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA).
5. Dual Indications on the Same Channel: The conflict monitor unit shall detect a dual indication if two or more inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA) are "on" at the same time.
6. Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error): The conflict monitor unit shall monitor the solid Yellow arrow for a clearance fault when terminating both the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) interval and the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) interval.
Ensure that the conflict monitor will log at least nine of the most recent events detected by the monitor in non-volatile EEPROM memory (or equivalent). For each event, record at a minimum the time, date, type of event, status of each field signal indication with RMS voltage, and specific channels involved with the event. Ensure the conflict monitor will log the following events: monitor reset, configuration, previous fault, and AC line. Furnish the signal sequence log that shows all channel states (Greens, Yellows, and Reds) and the Red Enable State for a minimum of 2 seconds prior to the current fault trigger point. Ensure the display resolution of the inputs for the signal sequence $\log$ is not greater than 50 ms .

For conflict monitors used within an Ethernet communications system, provide a conflict monitor with an Ethernet $10 / 100 \mathrm{Mbps}$, RJ-45 port for data communication access to the monitor by a local notebook computer and remotely via a workstation or notebook computer device connected to the signal system local area network. The Ethernet port shall be electrically isolated from the conflict monitor's electronics and shall provide a minimum of 1500 Vrms isolation. Integrate monitor with Ethernet network in cabinet. Provide software to retrieve the time and date from a network server in order to synchronize the on-board times between the conflict monitor and the controller. Furnish and install the following Windows based, graphic user interface software on workstations and notebook computers where the signal system client software is installed: 1) software to view and retrieve all event $\log$ information, 2 ) software that will search and display a list of conflict monitor IP addresses and IDs on the network, and 3) software to change the conflict monitor's network parameters such as IP address and subnet mask.

For non-Ethernet connected monitors, provide a RS-232C/D compliant port (DB-9 female connector) on the front panel of the conflict monitor in order to provide communications from the conflict monitor to the 170/2070 controller or to a Department-furnished laptop computer. Electrically isolate the port interface electronics from all monitor electronics, excluding Chassis Ground. Ensure that the controller can receive all event log information through a controller

Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (Type 170E) or Async Serial Comm Module (2070). Furnish and connect a serial cable from the conflict monitor's DB-9 connector to Comm Port 1 of the 2070 controller. Ensure conflict monitor communicates with the controller. Provide a Windows based graphic user interface software to communicate directly through the same monitor RS-232C/D compliant port to retrieve and view all event log information to a Department-furnished laptop computer. The RS-232C/D compliant port on the monitor shall allow the monitor to function as a DCE device with pin connections as follows:

| Conflict Monitor RS-232C/D (DB-9 Female) Pinout |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pin Number | Function | I/O |
| 1 | DCD | O |
| 2 | TX Data | O |
| 3 | RX Data | I |
| 4 | DTR | I |
| 5 | Ground | - |
| 6 | DSR | O |
| 7 | CTS | I |
| 8 | RTS | O |
| 9 | NC | - |

# MONITOR BOARD EDGE CONNECTOR 

| Pin \# | Function (Back Side) | Pin \# | Function (Component |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Side) |  |  |  |


| CONFLICT PROGRAM CARD PIN ASSIGNMENTS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pin \# | Function (Back Side) | Pin \# | Function (Component Side) |
| 1 | Channel 2 Green | A | Channel 1 Green |
| 2 | Channel 3 Green | B | Channel 2 Green |
| 3 | Channel 4 Green | C | Channel 3 Green |
| 4 | Channel 5 Green | D | Channel 4 Green |
| 5 | Channel 6 Green | E | Channel 5 Green |
| 6 | Channel 7 Green | F | Channel 6 Green |
| 7 | Channel 8 Green | H | Channel 7 Green |
| 8 | Channel 9 Green | J | Channel 8 Green |
| 9 | Channel 10 Green | K | Channel 9 Green |
| 10 | Channel 11 Green | L | Channel 10 Green |
| 11 | Channel 12 Green | M | Channel 11 Green |
| 12 | Channel 13 Green | N | Channel 12 Green |
| 13 | Channel 14 Green | P | Channel 13 Green |
| 14 | Channel 15 Green | R | Channel 14 Green |
| 15 | Channel 16 Green | S | Channel 15 Green |
| 16 | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{C}$ | T | PC AJAR |
| 17 | Channel 1 Yellow | U | Channel 9 Yellow |
| 18 | Channel 2 Yellow | V | Channel 10 Yellow |
| 19 | Channel 3 Yellow | W | Channel 11 Yellow |
| 20 | Channel 4 Yellow | X | Channel 12 Yellow |
| 21 | Channel 5 Yellow | Y | Channel 13 Yellow |
| 22 | Channel 6 Yellow | Z | Channel 14 Yellow |
| 23 | Channel 7 Yellow | AA | Channel 15 Yellow |
| $24$ | Channel 8 Yellow | BB | Channel 16 Yellow |
| -- |  | -- |  |
| 25 | Channel 17 Green | $\mathrm{CC}$ | Channel 17 Yellow |
| 26 | Channel 18 Green | DD | Channel 18 Yellow |
| 27 | Channel 16 Green | EE | PC AJAR (Program Card) |
| 28 | Yellow Inhibit Common | FF | Channel 17 Green |

-- Slotted for keying between Pins 24/BB and 25/CC


## E. Preemption and Sign Control Box

Provide preemption and sign control box to operate in a Model 332 and Model 336S cabinet. Provide hardware to mount the box to the cage of the cabinet to ensure the front side is facing the opposite side of the cabinet. Furnish the material of the box from a durable finished metallic or thermoplastic case. Ensure the size of the box is not greater than 7(l) x $5(\mathrm{w}) \times 5(\mathrm{~d})$ inches. Ensure that no modification is necessary to mount the box on the cabinet cage.

Provide the following components in the preemption and sign control box: relays, fuses, terminal blocks, MOVs, resistor, RC network, lamp, and push button switch.

Provide UL Listed or Recognized relay K1 as a DPDT enclosed relay ( $120 \mathrm{VAC}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ coil) with an 8-pin octal-style plug and associated octal base. Provide contact material made of AgCdO with a $10 \mathrm{amp}, 240$ VAC rating. Ensure the relay has a specified pickup voltage of 102 VAC.

Provide relay SSR1 as a Triac SPST normally open solid state relay that is rated for 120 VAC input and zero-crossing (resistive load) $25 \mathrm{amp} @ 120$ VAC output. Ensure the relay turns on at 90 Vrms within 10 ms and turns off at 10 Vrms within 40 ms . Ensure the relay has physical
characteristics as shown in the wiring detail in Figure 1. Provide 4 terminal screws with saddle clamps.

Provide fuses F1 and F2 as a UL Listed $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ glass tube rated at 250 volts with a 10 kA interrupting rating. Ensure F1 non-delay (fast-acting) and F2 slow-blow (time-delay) fuses have a maximum opening times of 60 minutes and 120 seconds for currents of 135 and 200 percent of the ampere rating, respectively. Ensure F2 slow-blow (time-delay) fuses have a minimum opening times of 12 seconds at 200 percent of the ampere rating. Provide fuse holders that are UL Recognized panel-mounted holders rated 250 V , 15 ampere minimum with bayonet-type knobs which accept $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ glass tube fuses.

Provide terminal blocks that are rated for 300 V and are made of electrical grade thermoplastic or thermosetting plastic. Ensure each terminal block is of closed back design and has recessed-screw terminals with molded barriers between terminals. Ensure each terminal block is labeled with a block designation. Ensure each terminal is labeled with the function and a number.

Provide 3/4-inch diameter radial lead UL-recognized metal oxide varistors (MOVs) that have electrical performance as outlined below.

| PROPERTIES OF MOV SURGE PROTECTOR |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum Continuous Applied Voltage at <br> $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $150 \mathrm{VAC}(\mathrm{RMS})$ <br> 200 VDC |
| Maximum Peak 8x20 $\mu$ s Current at $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 6500 A |
| Maximum Energy Rating at $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 80 J |
| Voltage Range 1 mA DC Test at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $212-268 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Max. Clamping Voltage $8 \times 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 100 \mathrm{~A}$ at <br> $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 395 V |
| Typical Capacitance $(1 \mathrm{MHz})$ at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 1600 pF |

Provide resistor R1 as a 2 K ohm, 12 watt, wirewound resistor with tinned terminals and attaching leads. Ensure the resistor is spaced apart from surrounding wires.

Provide a LED or incandescent lamp that has a voltage rating of 120 VAC with a minimum life rating at 50,000 hours.

Wire the preemption and sign control box as shown in Figure 1.


Figure 1

### 3.4. MATERIALS - NEMA TS-1 CABINETS

## A. NEMA TS-1 Cabinet Physical Requirements:

Furnish unpainted, natural, aluminum cabinet shells. Ensure that all non-aluminum hardware on the cabinet is stainless steel or a Department approved non-corrosive alternate. Provide a roof with a slope from front to back at a minimum ratio of 1 -inch drop per 2 feet. Ensure that each exterior cabinet plane surface is constructed of a single sheet of aluminum and is seamless.

Provide a handle and three point latching mechanism designed to be disassembled using hand tools. Provide a shaft connecting the latching plate to the door handle by passing through the door within a bushing, bearing, or equivalent device. Provide a latching plate at least $3 / 16$ inch thick and that mates securely with the lock bolt. Provide a lock bolt with a flat end (no bevel) and that has at least $1 / 4$ inch of length in contact with the latching plate.

Ensure that the handle and lock are positioned so that the lock does not lie in the path of the rotating handle as the door is unlatched and that the handle points down in the latched position.

Provide a cabinet that is neat in appearance. Provide continuous welds made from the inside wherever possible. On the exterior, provide smooth and flush joints. Ensure there are no superfluous holes in the outside of the cabinet. Ensure that no screws, bolts, nuts or rivets protrude to the outside of the cabinet shell. Ensure cabinet surface is smooth and free of blemishes and discoloration.

Provide a main door opening that encompasses the full frontal area of the cabinet shell exclusive of the area reserved for plenums and flanges. Provide a rear door in base-mounted cabinets, unless otherwise specified. Ensure that the rear door complies with all requirements for the front door, except as follows:

- Hinge rear door on the left side as viewed from the rear of the cabinet shell facing the door.
- No police compartment is required on a rear door.

Ensure that the cabinet shell is sturdy and does not exhibit noticeable flexing, bending or distortion under normal conditions except that a minor amount of flexing is permitted in the main door and rear door only when the cabinet is open. In such case, the flexing must not result in permanent deformation of the door or damage to components mounted on the door. Ensure that pedestal-mounted cabinets have sufficient framing around the slipfitter attachment so that no noticeable flexing will occur at or about this point.

Ensure that the cabinet is large enough to accommodate all of the required equipment, specified future equipment, and wiring within the cabinet to provide sufficient room for servicing. Provide ample space in the bottom of the cabinet for the entrance and forming of all necessary wires and cables without interference with the operation, viewing, and servicing of the equipment. Ensure that the size of the cabinet permits all required and specified future equipment to be mounted in the upright position with sufficient space around it to provide adequate ventilation. Ensure at least 2 inches of clearance is provided around all vents and fans to insure proper air circulation. Ensure the interior size of the cabinets is at least:
Pole- and pedestal-mounted controller cabinets:
$4.98 \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
Base-mounted controller cabinets:
$11.6 \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
Pole- and pedestal-mounted on-street master cabinets:
$3.5 \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
Base-mounted on-street master cabinets:
$7.52 \mathrm{ft}^{3}$

If specified on the bid list or the plans, controller cabinets as small as $3.3 \mathrm{ft}^{3}$ may be provided for pole- and pedestal-mounted cabinets provided all other requirements are satisfied. Unless otherwise noted, ensure that cabinets do not exceed the following dimensions:

## Maximum Outside Dimensions

| Type of Cabinet | Height | Width | Depth |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pole-mounted | 52 inches | 30 inches | 22 inches |
| Pedestal-mounted | 36 inches | 30 inches | 22 inches |
| Base-mounted | None | None | None |

Provide at least 2 sturdy shelves having an unobstructed depth of at least 13 inches. Ensure top shelf is at least 12 inches below the top of the door opening. Secure any card rack to the walls or shelves. Ensure equipment and components mounted on the cabinet walls require no more than the use of a screwdriver to accomplish their easy removal for servicing. Ensure shelf-mounted units are placed in their proper positions on the shelves without having to twist or turn them during the placement process.

Provide a minimum $12 \times 14$ inch plastic envelope or container located in the cabinet so that it is convenient for service personnel. Furnish two sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams and schematics in a paper envelope or container and placed in the plastic envelope or container.

Provide a roof with a shield that prevents water from dripping into the cabinet. Equip the roof with a thermostatically controlled exhaust fan and suitably screened exhaust vents that will permit the flow of air for which the fan is rated. Ensure that base-mounted cabinets have a fan rated for at least $12 \mathrm{gal} . / \mathrm{s}$ and pole- and pedestal-mounted cabinets have a fan rated for at least $6 \mathrm{gal} . / \mathrm{s}$. Ensure that the fan does not protrude to the outside of the cabinet and that it is mounted in such a way that it can be easily removed for servicing. Fusing the fan is not required. Ensure that the roof assembly is formed in such a way that it facilitates air exhaust from the fan.

Provide an additional vent or vents at or near the bottom to permit the intake of air. Ensure that the size of the vents permit the flow of air corresponding to the rated flow of the fan. Ensure that the vents are not smaller than $29.45 \mathrm{in}^{2}$. Equip the vents with standard-size replaceable fiberglass filters. Ensure that the vents do not permit the entrance of rain or snow.

Furnish a fluorescent fixture as required by NEMA TS-2 Specifications with a second lighting fixture mounted under the bottom shelf to light the terminals. Ensure that the second fixture is a fluorescent lighting fixture that complies with NEMA TS-2 Specifications or is a flexible gooseneck fixture containing a protected incandescent reflector bulb of a least 25 Watts. Furnish all bulbs. Ensure that the lamps are door switch actuated.

Provide the cabinet with an adjustable thermostat located in the upper portion of the inside the roof and connected to control the fan. Ensure that it is manually adjustable within the range of at least 78 to 170 degrees F with a calibrated scale. Ensure that the thermostat has contacts rated for use with the fan. Ensure that the thermostat turns the fan on at the set temperature and turns it off when the temperature is 4.5 degrees F below the set temperature.

Provide sufficient electrical and electronic noise suppression in the cabinet to enable all equipment in it to function properly. Ensure cabinet is equipped with one or more radio interference filters connected between the stages of the power line surge protector. Ensure filter(s) minimize interference generated in the cabinet in both the broadcast and aircraft frequencies. Ensure filter(s) provide attenuation of at least 50 decibels over a frequency range of 200 kilohertz to 75 megahertz.

Provide filters that are hermetically sealed in metal cases and are insulated. Ensure filter is rated at least at the rated current of the main circuit breaker, 125 -volt, 60 Hertz.

## B. NEMA TS-1 Cabinet Electrical Requirements:

Provide duplex receptacle in the cabinet located conveniently for service personnel and in such a position that no electrical hazard will be presented to such personnel when using the receptacle. Ensure that the receptacle is a 3-wire ground fault interrupt type that will also accept a standard 2prong, non-grounding plug. Ensure that the receptacle is reserved for the use of service personnel. Ensure normal control cabinet equipment is not connected to the receptacle.

Provide the cabinet with a NEMA standard circuit breaker box having at least two circuit breakers. Alternatively, provide circuit breakers that are installed in such a way that personnel servicing the cabinet, including the rear of the back panel, cannot inadvertently be exposed to a hazard. Ensure that a terminal block connected to the circuit breakers accommodates service wire as large as Number 6 AWG. Ensure that these circuit breakers are in addition to any fuses that are a part of the individual control equipment components. Provide a clear plastic guard or the equivalent to prevent incidental contact and shock hazard that protects exposed 120 -volt AC terminals on the power panel.

Provide a cabinet with a ground bus having at least 20 terminals. Ensure that the bus is attached and electrically bonded to the wall of the cabinet and located conveniently to the traffic signal load circuits. Provide terminals to accommodate Number 10, 12, and 14 AWG conductors. Ensure that at least one terminal on each end is grounded and accommodates a Number 4 AWG conductor.

Provide a cabinet with an AC Neutral bus having at least 24 terminals. Ensure bus is isolated electrically from the cabinet ground. Provide terminals to accommodate Number 10, 12, and 14 AWG conductors. Ensure bus bar is conveniently located near the traffic signal load circuits.

Provide surge suppression in the cabinet and ensure that all devices operate over the temperature range of -40 to 185 degrees F.

Provide a loop surge suppresser for each set of loop terminals in the cabinet. Use terminal mount or stud mount devices for terminating the loop surge suppresser. Ensure that the device can withstand a minimum of 25 peak surge current occurrences at 100A in differential and common modes for a $10 \times 700$ microsecond waveform. Ensure that the maximum breakover voltage is 170 V and the maximum on state clamping voltage is 30 V . Provide a maximum response time less than 5 nanoseconds and an off state leakage current less than $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ with a nominal capacitance less than 220pf for both differential and common modes.

Provide surge suppression on each communications line entering or leaving a cabinet. Ensure that the communications surge suppresser can withstand at least 80 occurrences of an $8 \times 20$ microsecond waveform at 2000 A , or a $10 \times 700$ microsecond waveform at 400 A . Provide a maximum clamping voltage suited to the equipment protected. Provide a maximum response time less than 1 nanosecond with a nominal capacitance less than 1500 pf and a series resistance less than $15 \Omega$.

Ensure that no direct inter-equipment connection is made. Ensure that all equipment is connected to other items of equipment at the cabinet terminal blocks.

Provide the capability for each item of equipment from the cabinet to be removed without disconnecting individual wires. Provide the equipment with suitable MS-type or other multi-pin connectors, or mount in card racks that provide for automatic connection of the card when it is inserted in the rack. Ensure that connectors for the controller A, B and C harnesses, for shelfmounted detectors and for conflict monitors are metal and separately bonded to the chassis.

Ensure that functionally equivalent equipment is electrically and mechanically interchangeable.
Ensure that all equipment and circuit cards are designed or keyed so that it is physically impossible to connect the unit to the wrong connector or insert it into an incorrect slot. Equip the cabinet with terminal blocks (strips) for the termination of all field conductors and all internal wires and harness conductors. Ensure that all wires are terminated at the terminals. Provide field terminals that are readily accessible without the removal of equipment and located conveniently to the wires, cables and harnesses. Ensure that each terminal block is of electrical grade thermoplastic or thermosetting plastic and each terminal block is a closed back design and has recessed-screw terminals with molded barriers between the terminals.

Ensure that each terminal of a terminal block consists of two terminal screws with a removable shorting bar between them. However, if the terminal block is part of a fabricated panel, each terminal may consist of a single terminal screw with a feed-through binding post to which conductors are soldered behind the panel. Exception: Terminal blocks used for field wiring connections are not required to have removable shorting bars unless required by a specific manufacturer's design. Ensure that each terminal block is labeled with a block designation and each terminal is labeled with a number. Ensure that all terminal functions are also labeled on the back panel or terminal blocks. Provide labels that are visible when the terminal block is fully wired. Ensure that the labels are shown on the cabinet wiring diagrams. Ensure that no terminals are closer than 4 inches to the bottom of the cabinet and provide those in base-mounted cabinets at least 6 inches from the bottom. Ensure that terminals serving similar functions are grouped together. Ensure that no terminals are located on the under side of shelves or at other places where they are not readily visible and accessible or where they may be a hazard to personnel who might inadvertently touch them. Provide police panel, if required, with an enclosure over the terminals of its components to prevent hazard to personnel. Cardboard and other types of flexible covers are not acceptable.

Ensure all equipment in the cabinet is connected to the cabinet, to the other items of equipment, and to the field circuits at the cabinet terminal blocks by means of neatly trained harnesses.

Provide harnesses in the cabinet for non-permanently mounted equipment that are long enough to allow the equipment to be relocated in an upright position to the roof of the cabinet or to be located to the ground 12 inches below cabinet level. Provide a secondary ground conductor of sufficient size to safely carry any fault current for harnesses that supply power or an AC+ input greater than 24 volts. Ensure that all harnesses are neatly dressed along the cabinet walls either parallel to or perpendicular to the floor. Ensure that they do not run diagonally. Ensure that the harness, which connects the components on the door to the remainder of the cabinet does not touch the doorjamb in any door position, including fully open.

Ensure that each conductor, including unused conductors, within or entering the cabinet is connected to a terminal. Ensure that no more than two conductors are connected to any single terminal screw with the following exception. Multiple conductors may be attached to a terminal used to distribute AC and DC power functions (AC+, AC-, Earth Ground, 24VDC, Logic Ground, etc.) or similar multi-use signals under the following conditions:

- it is unlikely that the conductors attached to such terminals will be removed by the cabinet user and,
- there exists at least one terminal for each of the functions that has two or fewer conductors connected to it that is available for customer use.

This exception does not alter other requirements in these specifications that define the required number of terminals for power or other specific circuits. This provision does not apply to terminals on the load side of the load switches.

Ensure that each conductor has a crimped spade lug when connected to a terminal screw. Terminations to the back panel may be soldered. Connections such as quick connectors and barrel connectors are not acceptable. No in-line splices are permitted in any conductor.

Ensure outgoing circuits are of the same polarity as the line side of the AC supply. Ensure that the common return is of the same polarity as the grounded side of the AC supply.

Ensure all wiring is formed into neatly packaged and neatly dressed harnesses and laced, braided or tied with nylon tie wraps at closely spaced intervals. Where wires, cables or harnesses must be attached to the cabinet walls or door for support or to prevent undue wear or flexing, ensure attachment is made using nylon tie straps or metal clamps with rubber or neoprene insulators. Ensure that these attachment devices are screwed to the cabinet. Stick-on clamps or straps are not permitted.

Ensure that all field wiring and all internal conductors that are likely to be disconnected from time to time are tagged with non-fading, permanent sleeve labels at the ends of the conductors at the terminals. Ensure that sleeve labels are shrunk tightly to grip the conductors. Alternatively, hot stamp labels on the insulation of internal conductors at intervals of no greater than 4 inches. Ensure that all jumpers are wire conductors or metal plates. Using printed circuit back panels or back panels with wire tracks on boards are not permitted.

Provide 3 terminals ( 2 for loop conductors and 1 for shield) for each loop shown on the plans or required by the bid list. As a minimum, ensure cabinet provides sufficient terminals for 4 loops and detectors in Type 2 cabinets, 8 loops and detectors in Type 4 cabinets, and 16 loops and detectors in Type 8 cabinets. Provide a loop detector surge protector connected to each detector loop input.

Furnish the cabinet with a neatly labeled test switch panel mounted on the inside of the cabinet door. Ensure that the panel contains the following components that are connected to provide the functions indicated. Unless otherwise required, provide switches that are heavy-duty toggle switches.

1) Detector Circuit Test Switch: Ensure each detector circuit test switch is a three-position (on-normal-momentary on) switch. Ensure each switch is connected to the controller's or communications unit's detector input and in parallel with its associated detector's output so service personnel can place both momentary and constant calls on the device to be actuated. When in the normal position (center position), ensure switch has no effect on the device to be actuated. In all cases, the detector is to remain connected to the device to be actuated. Provide a detector circuit test switch for each vehicle detector input connected to the controller and each pedestrian detector input to the controller regardless of how many of the controller's phases are in use. In addition, provide detector circuit test switches connected to the system detector inputs of the communications unit if required by the plans or the bid list. As a minimum, provide the following numbers of switches:

| Type of Cabinet | Vehicle <br> Detector Switches | Pedestrian <br> Detector Switches |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Type 2 cabinet | 2 | 2 |
| Type 4 cabinet | 4 | 4 |
| Type 8 cabinet | 8 | 4 |

2) Technician Flash Switch: Provide the test switch panel with a toggle switch for switching the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go (AUTO) operation and flashing operation.

Protect this switch against accidental activation by a flip-up switch guard that does not affect switch position when closed.
3) Controller Power Switch: Provide a test switch panel that contains a toggle switch connected to remove power from the controller and all auxiliary equipment but ensure it does not interrupt power to the flasher. Ensure that this switch is protected against accidental activation by a flip-up switch guard that does not affect switch position when closed.
4) Preemption Test Switches: Provide a preemption test switch for each distinct preemption operation required by the plans or the bid list. Ensure that the switch is located on the inside of the door or on the left or right inside wall of the cabinet at an easily accessible location. Ensure that the switch is protected against accidental activation by a flip-up switch guard that does not affect switch position when closed.
Provide the cabinet with a police panel that is furnished with the indicated components connected:

1) Police Panel Construction: Provide a police panel with a door on it in the main door that is accessible when the main door is closed and will not allow water to enter the cabinet when the police door is open. Ensure that the police panel door is hinged on the right side as viewed facing it and has a lock that is keyed with two furnished keys and keyed to a standard police/fire call box key for each cabinet.
2) Emergency Flash Switch: Provide the police panel with a toggle switch for switching the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go (AUTO) operation and flashing operation.
3) Signal Switch: Provide the police panel with a toggle switch connected to permit power to be turned on and off to the field signal indicators. When in the off position, ensure that the power it removes is from the field signal indicators and that the controller and all equipment in the cabinet continue to operate normally.
4) Automatic/Manual Switch: Provide the police panel with a toggle switch connected to switch the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go operation (AUTO) and manual operation (MANUAL) using a hand control. Ensure that the manual control is implemented using only the Manual Control Enable and Interval Advance functions of the controller.
5) Hand Control: Provide a hand control with each cabinet for the police panel if specifically required by the plans or the bid list. Provide the hand control as a standard traffic signal manual control push-button connected on one end of a 10 feet coil cord with a $1 / 4$ inch locking phone plug on the other end. Provide a locking phone jack in the police panel for this hand control to effect manual control of the intersection as described above. Ensure the plug and jack lock together so they will not disconnect even when the cord is stretched to its limit. Ensure police panel has room for storage of the hand control.

Provide the cabinet with one or as many as needed solid state flashers to operate the signal displays when the intersection is operated in the flashing mode. Provide the cabinet with a flasher socket for each flasher and make it part of the cabinet back panel. Ensure that the cabinet is wired so that it is possible to select either flashing red or flashing yellow for each signal circuit by switching a jumper plug on the back panel or by switching jumpers using simple hand tools. Ensure that disassembly of and access to the rear of the back panel is not required to effect a flash color change. Ensure that movement of no more than three jumpers is required to change the flash color for any signal circuit. Ensure that the cabinet is wired to effect the switch between normal stop-and-go operation and flashing operation. Provide the following flashing operation:

- Ensure that the controller controls the planned change from stop-and-go operation to flashing operation.
- Ensure that upon actuation of the emergency flash switch in the police panel or the technician flash switch in the test switch panel or upon command of the conflict monitor, the signal indicators are disconnected from the load switches and the appropriate signal indicators are connected to flashing power. Ensure all other signal indicators are dark. Ensure this change takes place immediately upon actuation regardless of the signal indicators being displayed.
- Regardless of the mode of entry into flashing operation, ensure that the return to normal stop-and-go operation occurs only when the controller begins to time the major street WALK interval (green interval if WALK is not used). Ensure that this is accomplished via the activation of the external start input.
- Ensure that the operation of the intersection controller is not affected when the technician flash switch or the communications unit initiates flashing operation, if any, and the controller continues to operate normally. Ensure that the controller stops timing when actuated by the emergency flash switch or the conflict monitor.
Furnish all cabinets, except pretimed cabinets, with optical isolation circuits connected between the pedestrian push-buttons and the pedestrian detector inputs of the controllers and the two-pulse pedestrian detector logic units, if any. Ensure all electronic components for the isolation circuits are contained on a circuit board that can be easily disconnected from its receptacle. Provide isolation circuits for the following number of pedestrian detector circuits:

```
Type 2 cabinet: 2
Type }4\mathrm{ cabinet: 4
Type 8 cabinet:
4
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Ensure that the voltage present at the pedestrian push-buttons does not exceed 24 volts.

## C. NEMA TS-1 Conflict Monitors:

Furnish NEMA TS-1 conflict monitor with programming card. Ensure that the absence of the programming card will cause the conflict monitor to trigger, and remain in the triggered state until reset.

Provide a conflict monitor that recognizes the following faults in addition to those specified by NEMA TS-1 Section 6. Ensure that the conflict monitor will trigger as required by the NEMA Specifications:

- Yellow indication missing or shorter than 2.7 seconds (with $\pm 0.1$ second accuracy);
- Walk indication without green vehicle indication on same channel;
- Dual Indications on the same channel.

Ensure that the tests for short and missing yellows and for dual indications be turned on or off per channel. Ensure that the test for walk without green be selectable for each unit. If one of the additional optional fault tests are enabled and an associated fault is detected, ensure that the conflict monitor remains in the triggered state until the unit is reset unless otherwise specified.

When the conflict monitor is triggered, provide a visual indication of the type of event that triggered the unit. Ensure that these indications and the status of each channel be retained until the conflict monitor is reset.

Ensure that the conflict monitor allows user selected latching of the CVM, 24 V I, and 24 V II inputs. When the conflict monitor is set for latching operation and one of these events is triggered, ensure that the monitor is reset before returning to normal operation.

Provide nonvolatile memory in the conflict monitor that retains a log of events containing the failure type, channel status, date, time for the nine most recent faults, and the date and time of the ten most recent power failures at a minimum. Ensure that the conflict monitor outputs the event log on request to a printer and uploads the event log on request to a Department-furnished personal computer via the RS-232C serial port. Provide the RS-232C serial port mounted on the front.

Provide a conflict monitor with the number of channels required by the plans or bid list. Where required by the plans or bid list, ensure that the conflict monitor is supplied with a wiring harness set. Ensure that the harness is fitted with the proper connector and the harness is 10 feet in length.

### 3.5. MATERIALS - NEMA TS-2 TYPE 1 CABINETS

## A. NEMA TS-2 Type 1 Cabinets General:

Comply with the NEMA Standards Publication TS-2 (NEMA TS-2) except as otherwise stated herein.

Furnish unpainted, natural, aluminum cabinet shells that comply with Section 7 of NEMA TS-2. Ensure all non-aluminum hardware on the cabinet is stainless steel or a Department approved noncorrosive alternate. Provide a roof with a slope from front to back at a minimum ratio of 1 inch drop per 2 feet. Ensure that each exterior cabinet plane surface is constructed of a single sheet of aluminum and is seamless.

Ensure all components are arranged for easy access during servicing. When modular in construction, provide guides and positive connection devices to insure proper pin alignment and connection.

Provide a moisture resistant coating on all circuit boards.

## B. NEMA TS-2 Type 1 Cabinet Physical Requirements:

Provide a handle and three point latching mechanism designed to be disassembled using hand tools. Provide a shaft connecting the latching plate to the door handle by passing through the door within a bushing, bearing, or equivalent device. Provide a latching plate at least $3 / 16$ inch thick and that mates securely with the lock bolt. Provide a lock bolt with a flat end (no bevel) and that has at least $1 / 4$ inch of length in contact with the latching plate.

Ensure that the handle and lock are positioned so that the lock does not lie in the path of the rotating handle as the door is unlatched and that the handle points down in the latched position.

Provide continuous welds made from the inside wherever possible. On the exterior, provide smooth and flush joints. Ensure that no screws, bolts, or rivets protrude to outside of cabinet shell.

Provide a main door opening that encompasses the full frontal area of the cabinet shell exclusive of the area reserved for plenums and flanges. Provide a rear door in base-mounted cabinets, unless otherwise specified. Ensure that the rear door complies with all requirements for the front door, except as follows:

* Hinge the rear door on the left side as viewed from the rear of the cabinet shell facing the door.
* No police compartment is required on a rear door.

Ensure that the cabinet shell is sturdy and does not exhibit noticeable flexing, bending or distortion under normal conditions except that a minor amount of flexing is permitted in the main door and rear door only when the cabinet is open. In such case, the flexing must not result in
permanent deformation of the door or damage to components mounted on the door. Ensure that pedestal-mounted cabinets have sufficient framing around the slipfitter attachment so that no noticeable flexing will occur at or about this point.

Provide NEMA TS-2, Type 1 cabinets with 2 shelves. Ensure top shelf has an unobstructed depth of at least 12 inches for base-mounted cabinets. Ensure top shelf has an unobstructed shelf depth of at least 13 inches for pole-mounted cabinets. Locate the top shelf at least 12 inches below the top of the door opening. Provide a lower shelf for mounting detector racks, its associated BIU, and other auxiliary equipment. Locate the lower shelf at least 10 inches below the top shelf, and provide at least 13 inches of unobstructed shelf depth. Secure card racks and associated BIU connector housings to the shelf by a removable means. Place the rack so that the front of the rack is not obscured by any object and so that backpanel terminals are not obscured even when the rack is fully utilized.

Provide a back panel hinged at the bottom for access during service.
Provide a minimum $12 \times 14$ inch plastic envelope or container located in the cabinet so that it is convenient for service personnel.

Furnish two sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams and schematics in a paper envelope or container and placed in the plastic envelope or container.

Do not locate permanently mounted equipment in such a way that will restrict access to terminals.

## C. NEMA TS-2 Type 1 Cabinet Electrical Requirements:

Provide a neutral that is not connected to the earth ground or the logic ground anywhere within the cabinet. Ensure the earth ground bus and the neutral ground bus each have ten compression type terminals each of which can accommodate wires ranging from number 14 through number 4.

Provide surge suppression in the cabinet and ensure that all devices operate over the temperature range of -40 to 185 degrees F .

Provide a loop surge suppresser for each set of loop terminals in the cabinet. Use terminal mount or stud mount devices for terminating the loop surge suppresser. Ensure that the device can withstand a minimum of 25 peak surge current occurrences at 100 A in differential and common modes for a $10 \times 700$ microsecond waveform. Ensure that the maximum breakover voltage is 170 V and the maximum on-state clamping voltage is 30 V . Provide a maximum response time less than 5 nanoseconds and an off-state leakage current less than $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. Ensure that a nominal capacitance less than 220pf for both differential and common modes.

Provide surge suppression on each communications line entering or leaving a cabinet. Ensure that the communications surge suppresser can withstand at least 80 occurrences of an $8 \times 20$ microsecond waveform at 2000 A , or a $10 \times 700$ microsecond waveform at 400 A . Provide a maximum clamping voltage suited to the equipment protected. Provide a maximum response time less than 1 nanosecond with a nominal capacitance less than 1500 pf and a series resistance less than $15 \Omega$.

Furnish a fluorescent fixture as required by NEMA TS-2 Specifications with a second lighting fixture mounted under the bottom shelf to light the terminals. Ensure that the second fixture is a fluorescent lighting fixture that complies with NEMA TS-2 Specifications or is a flexible gooseneck fixture containing a protected incandescent reflector bulb of at least 25 Watts. Furnish all bulbs. Ensure that the lamps are door switch actuated.

Provide connector type harnesses for all equipment installed in the cabinet, including detector racks. Furnish a harness with connectors to adapt the NEMA TS-2, Type 2 controller "A" connector to the NEMA TS-2, Type 1 "A" connector furnished with the cabinet assembly.

Tag all conductors that are likely to be disconnected from time to time with non-fading, permanent sleeve labels at the ends of the conductors.

In cabinets that are not base mounted, have no terminals closer than 4 inches to the bottom of the cabinet.

Fasten all wiring and harness supports to the cabinet with screws or other removable mechanical means. Do not use adhesives.

Provide harnesses in the cabinet for non-permanently mounted equipment that are long enough to allow the equipment to be relocated in an upright position to the roof of the cabinet or to be located to the ground 1 foot below cabinet level.

Do not locate terminals on the underside of shelves or at other places where they are not readily visible and accessible, or where they may be a hazard to personnel. Provide a clear plastic guard for exposed 120 volt AC terminals on the power panel and the rear of terminal facilities accessible from the rear door.

Provide compression type earth grounds with 10 position terminal buses sized for four Number 14 AWG wires. Provide screw-type terminals for signal feed, detector lead-in, NEMA I/Os, backpanels, and interconnect terminals. Provide screw terminals for all other devices not defined by NEMA TS-2 Specifications. Ensure that wiring by the manufacturer is terminated either on double terminal strips with crimped-on lugs or soldered to rear terminals.

Ensure that upon leaving any cabinet or malfunction management unit (MMU) initiated flashing operation, the controller reverts to its programmed start-up operation through the use of the START Up Flash Call feature. Do not require special controller software to implement the return from flash in the start up mode of operation. Wire one of the output relays of the MMU to apply a logic ground to the STOP TIME input for rings 1 and 2 when the MMU initiates flashing operation because of a sensed failure. Ensure that the MMU is interlocked within the cabinet control circuitry as to prevent normal signal operation with the MMU disconnected. Ensure that the 24 Vdc supply to the load switches is disconnected when cabinet flashing operation is initialized. Provide a momentary pushbutton, or equivalent method, to apply 24 Vdc to the load switches during cabinet flash for troubleshooting purposes.

Unless otherwise required, provide switches that are heavy-duty toggle switches.
Provide a technician panel mounted on the inside of the door with an EQUIPMENT POWER (On/OfF) switch and an AUTO/FLASH switch. Ensure switches are protected against accidental activation by a flip-up switch guard that does not affect switch position when closed. Provide an EQUIPMENT POWER (ON/OFF) toggle switch that connects or disconnects protected equipment power to all devices in the cabinet and does not affect AC power to the flasher. Provide an AUTO/Flash toggle switch which immediately places the intersection into flashing operation, disconnects the Stop Time input generated by the MMU, and applies a logic ground to the Local Flash Status input of the MMU. When placed in the AUTO position, ensure that this switch causes the return of the intersection to normal operation at the programmed start up phases and intervals via the StartUp Flash Call feature of the controller unit. Provide a Detector Channel Call three position detector test switch (on, normal, momentary on) installed for every detector channel in the detector racks. Provide four pedestrian detector test switches (on normal, momentary on) to the 4 pedestrian
detector inputs of BIU no. 1. The switches may be installed on the door or on the non-door hinge side of the cabinet at the front of the cabinet.

Provide a police compartment constructed such that neither water nor dust will enter the interior of the cabinet through the police compartment, even when the police compartment door is open. Provide a rigid enclosure over the terminals of its components. Do not use flexible guards. Provide a Signal Power (On/Off) switch, an Auto/Flash switch, and an Auto/Manual switch. Provide a locking jack for an optional manual push-button. Provide a Signal Power (On/Off) toggle switch which, when in the "OFF" position, disconnects AC power to the field terminals, applies logic ground to the Local Flash Status input of the MMU, and disconnects the Stop time input generated by the MMU. Ensure that a means to prevent recognition of red failure by the malfunction management unit is used and the switch does not affect power to equipment in the cabinet. When the Signal POWER switch is switched to the "ON" position, ensure controller reverts to the programmed start-up phases and intervals via the Start-Up Flash Call feature of the controller unit. Provide an AUTO/FLASH toggle switch that immediately places the intersection into flashing operation, and applies logic ground to the MMU Local Flash Status input. When placed in the Auto position, ensure this switch allows the return of the intersection to normal operation at the programmed startup phases and intervals via THE Start-Up Flash Call feature of the controller unit. Provide an Auto/Manual toggle switch that selects between normal operation (in the Auto position) and manually controlled operation (in the Manval position). When in the Manval position, ensure that a logic ground is applied to the Manual Control Enable input of the controller. Ensure that only when a logic ground signal is applied to Manual Control Enable, the optional manual push-button can be used to advance the phases by applying and removing a logic ground signal to the Interval Advance input.

Provide one flash transfer relay and flasher for each corresponding socket. Provide 2 spare terminals for each flasher circuit output. Provide 1 MMU and 1 cabinet DC power supply (shelf mounted) with all necessary harnesses wired to the appropriate cabinet/back panel termination points. Terminate unused MMU inputs. Provide BIUs with sockets and terminal facilities. BIUs 3 and 4 may be mounted in a rack separate from the back panel.

Provide a minimum of 2 sets of loop terminals and a single earth ground terminal between the 2 sets of loop wire terminals for each slot in each detector rack provided.

In cabinets with less than 16 loadbay positions, provide flash transfer relay circuits for load switches used to implement pedestrian signals that are brought out to separate terminals but not connected for flashing operation when pedestrian signals are assigned to the load switch channel. Ensure that the flash circuit inputs and outputs are available for easy connection to allow conversion of a pedestrian movement load switch for use as an overlap (vehicle phase) movement load switch. Provide a reserved flash transfer relay circuit for four vehicle movements and all necessary flash transfer relay input and output wiring and flash circuit wiring that can be made available at each pedestrian load switch position.

Comply with the applicable tables for the type of cabinet furnished:

TS-2 Type 1 Cabinet Configurations

| $\begin{gathered} \text { CABINET } \\ \text { CONFIGURATION } \end{gathered}$ | LOAD <br> Switch <br> SOCKETS | Flash <br> Relay <br> Socket <br> S | Flasher Sockets | BIU's <br> REQUIRED <br> (BACK <br> Panel/ <br> DETECTOR) | DETECTOR RACK Type/ Quantity | TS-2 <br> CABINET <br> TyPE* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NC-1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 4** |
| NC-2 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 1/1 | 2/1 | 5 |
| NC-3 | 12 | 6 | 1 | 2/1 | 2/1 | 6 |
| NC-3A | 12 | 6 | 1 | 2/2 | 2/2 | 6 |
| NC-3B | 12 | 6 | 1 | 2/2 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 1 \\ & 1 / 1 \end{aligned}$ | 6 |
| NC-4 | 12 | 6 | 1 | +3/1 | 2/1 | 6 |
| NC-4A | 12 | 6 | 1 | +3/2 | 2/2 | 6 |
| NC-4B | 12 | 6 | 1 | †3/2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 / 1 \\ & 1 / 1 \end{aligned}$ | 6 |
| NC-5 | 12 | 6 | 1 | $\ddagger 4 / 1$ | 2/1 | 6 |
| NC-5A | 12 | 6 | 1 | $\ddagger 4 / 2$ | 2/2 | 6 |
| NC-5B | 12 | 6 | 1 | $\ddagger 4 / 2$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 / 1 \\ & 1 / 1 \end{aligned}$ | 6 |
| NC-6 | 16 | 6 | 1 | 2/2 | 2/2 | 6 |
| NC-6A | 16 | 6 | 1 | 2/2 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 1 \\ & 1 / 1 \end{aligned}$ | 6 |
| NC-7 | 16 | 6 | 1 | +3/2 | 2/2 | 6 |
| NC-7A | 16 | 6 | 1 | †3/2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 / 1 \\ & 1 / 1 \end{aligned}$ | 6 |
| NC-8 | 16 | 6 | 1 | $\ddagger 4 / 2$ | 2/2 | 6 |
| NC-8A | 16 | 6 | 1 | $\ddagger 4 / 2$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 / 1 \\ & 1 / 1 \end{aligned}$ | 6 |

*See NEMA TS-2-1998, Table 7-1 for actual dimensions.
**Type 5 cabinet may be substituted for four position base mount cabinet.
$\dagger$ BIU 3 required along with BIU 1, BIU 2, and detector BIU(s).
$\ddagger$ BIU 3 and BIU 4 required along with BIU 1, BIU 2, and detector BIU(s).

8-Position Loadbay Cabinet Phase Assignments

| Phase/OL <br> Number | MALFUNCTION MANAGEMENT UNIT CHANNEL ASSIGNMENT | ASSIGNED To LOAD Switch Position Number | Assigned <br> To <br> Flash <br> Relay <br> NUMBER | ASSIGNED to Flasher Circuit/ | Program <br> Flash Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | R |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | Y |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | R |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { PED-O/LA } \\ + \end{gathered}$ | 5 | 5 | †3 | +1 | D |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{PED} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{L} \\ & . \mathrm{B}^{\dagger} \end{aligned}$ | 6 | 6 | †3 | †2 | D |
| O/L C | 7 | 7 | 4 | 1 | R |
| O/L D | 8 | 8 | 4 | 2 | R |

$\dagger$ Prepare this load switch position for the pedestrian movement indicated. Wire pedestrian signals to flash dark. Make flash circuitry for this load switch position available and accessible at a separate terminal to allow connection to the load switch and field terminal circuit for a vehicle movement at a later date if desired.

12-Position Loadbay Cabinet Phase Assignments

| Phase/OL <br> Number | MALFUNCTION MANAGEMENT UNIT Channel AssignMENT | ASSIGNED To LOAD Switch Position Number | ASSIGNED <br> To <br> Flash <br> Relay <br> NUMBER | Assigned to Flasher Circuit/ | PROGRAM Flash Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | R |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | Y |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | R |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | R |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 2 | R |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 1 | Y |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 2 | R |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 1 | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { PED or O/L } \\ \mathrm{A}^{+} \end{gathered}$ | 9 | 9 | +5 | +1 | D |
| $\begin{gathered} 4 \mathrm{PED} \text { or } \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{L} \\ \mathrm{~B}^{+} \end{gathered}$ | 10 | 10 | +5 | †2 | D |
| 6 PED or O/C ${ }^{+}$ | 11 | 11 | +6 | +1 | D |
| $\begin{gathered} 8 \text { PED or O/L } \\ \mathrm{D}^{+} \end{gathered}$ | 12 | 12 | +6 | +2 | D |

$\dagger$ Prepare this load switch position for the pedestrian movement indicated. Wire pedestrian signals to flash dark. Make flash circuitry for this load switch position available and accessible at a separate terminal to allow connection to the load switch and field terminal circuit for a vehicle movement at a later date.

16 Position Loadbay Cabinet Phase Assignments

| Phase /OL <br> Number | MALFUNCTION MANAGEMENT UNIT CHANNEL <br> Assignment | Assigned To Load Switch Position Number | AsSIGNED <br> To <br> Flash <br> Relay <br> NUMBER | AsSIGNED to Flasher Circuit/ | Program <br> Flash <br> Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | R |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | Y |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | R |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | R |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 2 | R |
| 6 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 1 | Y |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 2 | R |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 1 | R |
| 2 PED | 9 | 9 | - | - | D |
| 4 PED | 10 | 10 | - | - | D |
| 6 PED | 11 | 11 | - | - | D |
| 8 PED | 12 | 12 | - | - | D |
| O/L A | 13 | 13 | 5 | 1 | R |
| O/L B | 14 | 14 | 5 | 2 | R |
| O/L C | 15 | 15 | 6 | 1 | R |
| O/L D | 16 | 16 | 6 | 2 | R |

Provide flasher circuits and flash transfer relay outputs and inputs that are brought out to terminals which provide a convenient means of changing flash color and flash circuit at each load switch position. Ensure that changing flash color of a given phase or overlap involves no more than moving three wires. Ensure that the selected phase or overlap flash color load switch output is easily movable to connect to the normally open flash transfer relay input assigned to the phase or overlap. Ensure that the common output of the flash transfer relay circuit assigned to the phase or overlap is easily movable to the selected field terminal (input) of the phase or overlap flash color. Ensure that the non-flashed load switch output is easily moved to provide power directly to the phase or overlap field terminal for that color.

In cabinets requiring a Type 1 detector rack, route to and terminate on a conveniently located terminal block on the back panel or elsewhere in the cabinet, the eight unused detector BIU Vehicle Call inputs. Tie the 8 unused detector BIU Detector Status inputs to the logic ground.

Provide detector racks and associated detector rack BIUs that are removable and replaceable from the cabinet either as a complete assembly or separately. Ensure that disconnection and reconnection of these units is through quick disconnect type connectors.

### 3.6. MATERIALS - TYPE 170 DETECTOR SENSOR UNITS

Furnish detector sensor units that comply with Chapter 5 Section 1, "General Requirements," and Chapter 5 Section 2, "Model 222 \& 224 Loop Detector Sensor Unit Requirements," of the

CALTRANS "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

### 3.7. MATERIALS - NEMA TS-1 DETECTORS

Furnish NEMA TS-1 single-channel or multi-channel detectors.
Provide multi-channel detectors that sequentially scan each of its channels. Ensure that the multichannel detectors can turn a channel off and disable its operation from the front panel.

Provide channels with a minimum of eight sensitivity levels.
Ensure detector units meet the requirements of NEMA TS-1 Specifications except as follows:

- Class 2 vehicle output is maintained for a minimum of 4 minutes, and
- Class 3 vehicle output is maintained for a minimum of 30 minutes, maximum 120 minutes.

Where required, furnish detectors equipped with required timing features. Provide a delay that is settable in one-second increments (maximum) over the range of zero to thirty seconds. Provide an extend that is settable in $1 / 4$ second increments (maximum) over the range of 0 to 15 seconds. Provide detectors that can set both delay and extend timing for the same channel. If both timings are set, ensure the delay operates first. After the delay condition has been satisfied, ensure that the extend timer operates normally and that it is not necessary to satisfy the delay timing for an actuation arriving during the extend portion.

Ensure detectors register a permanent call during tuning operations, as a result of a loop fault, and when power is removed. Ensure detectors completely self-tune within 10 seconds after application of power or restoration of interrupted power and within 10 seconds after correction of a loop fault.

Provide detectors that monitor the loop for fault conditions on each channel. Upon detection of a fault condition, even if the condition is subsequently corrected, ensure the detectors provide an indication of the occurrence and maintain the indication until a manual reset. The fault conditions are:

- An open-circuited loop system;
- A short to ground; and
- A 25 percent reduction in inductance.

Ensure a two-channel detector operates normally with the same loop connected to both channels.
Provide lightning and surge protection that is incorporated into the design of the detector. Ensure that each channel operates properly when used with the loop detector surge protector.

In addition to NEMA TS-1 Specifications, ensure each channel is capable of tuning to and operating on any loop system inductance within the range of 50 to $2,000 \mu \mathrm{~h}$. Ensure that the channel will operate properly even on a loop system that has a single-point short to earth ground.

Provide detectors with a durably finished nonferrous housing. Ensure that the removal of the housing can be accomplished by using simple hand tools. Ensure each printed circuit board has a moisture resistant coating and that the components are readily accessible with the housing removed.

Provide a wiring harness with a minimum length of 6 feet for each detector. Ensure each wire is permanently labeled, numbered, or color-coded.

### 3.8. MATERIALS - NEMA TS-2 DETECTOR CARDS AND RACKS

Furnish NEMA TS-2 multi-channel detector cards and racks.

Provide cards that sequentially scan each of its channels. Provide channels with a minimum of eight sensitivity levels.

On a multi-channel detector, ensure that it is possible to turn a channel off and disable its operation from the front panel.

Ensure that detector units meet the requirements of NEMA TS-2 Specifications except as follows:

- Class 2 vehicle output is maintained for a minimum of 4 minutes, and
- Class 3 vehicle output is maintained for a minimum of 30 minutes, maximum 120 minutes.

Where required, furnish detector cards equipped with required timing features. Provide a delay that is settable in one second increments (maximum) over the range of zero to thirty seconds. Provide an extend that is settable in $1 / 4$ second increments (maximum) over the range of 0 to 15 seconds. Provide cards that can set both delay and extend timing for the same channel. If both timings are set, ensure that the delay operates first. After the delay condition has been satisfied, ensure that the extend timer operates normally and that it is not necessary to satisfy the delay timing for an actuation arriving during the extend portion.

Ensure that two-channel detector cards operate normally with the same loop connected to both channels.

Provide lightning and surge protection that is incorporated into the design of the detector. Ensure that each channel operates properly when used with the loop detector surge protector.

In addition to NEMA TS-2 Specifications, ensure that each channel is capable of tuning to and operating on any loop system inductance within the range of 50 to $2,000 \mu \mathrm{~h}$. Ensure that the channel will operate properly even on a loop system that has a single-point short to earth ground.

